ABORIGINAL PEOPLE IN AUSTRALIA (103) PRACTICE TEST (SAMPLE)

STUDY GUIDE



SAMPLE STUDY GUIDE WITH LIMITED QUESTIONS

VISIT US ONLINE FOR THE FULL VERSION STUDY GUIDE

https://aboriginalpeopleinaus103.examzify.com

Copyright © 2026 by Examzify - A Kaluba Technologies Inc. product.

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.

No part of this book may be reproduced or transferred in any form or by any means, graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, web distribution, taping, or by any information storage retrieval system, without the written permission of the author.

Notice: Examzify makes every reasonable effort to obtain accurate, complete, and timely information about this product from reliable sources.

SAMPLE

Table of Contents

Copyright 1

Table of Contents 2

Introduction 3

How to Use This Guide 4

Questions 5

Answers 8

Explanations 10

Next Steps 14

SAMPLE

Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

SAMPLE

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 – 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

SAMPLE

Questions

SAMPLE

1. The NT Aboriginal Land Rights Act 1976 established:

A. It granted the entire Northern Territory to the Aboriginal community.

B. It recognized traditional ownership in the Northern Territory and created a process for Aboriginal land claims and land grants.

C. It restricted land claims to special mining districts.

D. It created a national Aboriginal land council with no land claims.

2. What is the French translation of 'A news report'?

A. Un port

B. Scotcher qqch

C. Un reportage

D. Une colline

3. What is the French translation of 'To tape something'?

A. Hisser un drapeau

B. Un propriétaire

C. Scotcher qqch

D. Posséder qqch

4. What is the English translation of 'L'artiste et activiste Harold Thomas'?

A. The artist and activist Harold Thomas

B. A protest

C. To have something back

D. First

5. What does the treaty pathway referenced in the Uluru Statement aim to establish?

A. The treaty pathway is a cultural festival.

B. The treaty pathway involves international sanctions.

C. The treaty pathway aims to establish a formal agreement between Indigenous peoples and the Australian government.

D. The treaty pathway seeks to replace all existing laws.

SAMPLE

6. Which English phrase matches the French 'A travers le pays'?

A. En effet
B. However
C. Across the country
D. Hisser un drapeau

7. Which is the English meaning of the French word 'Une capitale'?

A. A capital city
B. A shark
C. An octopus
D. A badger

8. Which option is the French for 'A capital city'?

A. Venimeux
B. Un requin
C. Une capitale
D. Un serpent

9. What is the French translation of 'An owner'?

A. Un port
B. Un propriétaire
C. Une voix-off
D. Scotcher qqch

10. What is the French translation of 'To put up a flag'?

A. Hisser un drapeau
B. Posséder qqch
C. Un propriétaire
D. Une ferme (en Australie)

SAMPLE

Answers

SAMPLE

1. B
2. C
3. C
4. A
5. C
6. C
7. B
8. C
9. B
10. A

SAMPLE

Explanations

SAMPLE

1. The NT Aboriginal Land Rights Act 1976 established:

A. It granted the entire Northern Territory to the Aboriginal community.

B. It recognized traditional ownership in the Northern Territory and created a process for Aboriginal land claims and land grants.

C. It restricted land claims to special mining districts.

D. It created a national Aboriginal land council with no land claims.

At its heart, this act recognises that Aboriginal people in the Northern Territory have a continuing connection to their traditional lands and sets up a formal process for those communities to pursue land rights. It establishes a structured way for Aboriginal groups to lodge claims to Crown land, have those claims assessed, and, if successful, have land granted and held for the benefit of the traditional owners through Aboriginal Land Trusts and Land Councils. This creates legally recognised land rights and a practical mechanism for communities to access and manage land, not a blanket transfer of the entire territory. It also implements a system of regional Aboriginal Land Councils to represent communities in these processes. The act is a landmark step in recognising Aboriginal land rights, rather than creating a national body with no land claims or restricting claims to mining districts or granting all land automatically.

2. What is the French translation of 'A news report'?

A. Un port

B. Scotcher qqch

C. Un reportage

D. Une colline

The main idea here is choosing the correct French word for a specific English noun. A "news report" in French is un reportage. The noun reportage is a standard term used for journalistic pieces, such as a news segment or a detailed article, and it is masculine, hence the article un. The other options don't fit: port means harbor, colline means hill, and scotcher qqch is a verb phrase meaning to stick something, not a noun for a news piece. So, un reportage is the natural translation for a news report.

3. What is the French translation of 'To tape something'?

A. Hisser un drapeau

B. Un propriétaire

C. Scotcher qqch

D. Posséder qqch

On cherche à traduire l'action d'attacher quelque chose avec du ruban adhésif. Le choix qui rend cette idée dans le langage courant est scotcher qqch. C'est un verbe familier dérivé du mot scotch (ruban adhésif), et on l'utilise directement avec l'objet: Je vais scotcher ce papier, ou Il faut scotcher ce colis avec du ruban adhésif. Les autres propositions ne conviennent pas: hisser un drapeau veut dire lever un drapeau; un propriétaire est un nom qui signifie propriétaire; posséder qqch signifie détenir ou posséder quelque chose, et pas l'action d'attacher avec du ruban.

SAMPLE

4. What is the English translation of 'L'artiste et activiste Harold Thomas'?

A. The artist and activist Harold Thomas

B. A protest

C. To have something back

D. First

This question tests translating a French noun phrase into English. L'artiste et activiste Harold Thomas means The artist and activist Harold Thomas. Here, l'artiste is The artist (the apostrophe shows the contraction before a vowel, but in English we simply use "The artist"). et is and, and activiste is activist. Harold Thomas is a proper name and stays the same in translation. The other options would require different words entirely and don't reflect the given French phrase.

5. What does the treaty pathway referenced in the Uluru Statement aim to establish?

A. The treaty pathway is a cultural festival.

B. The treaty pathway involves international sanctions.

C. The treaty pathway aims to establish a formal agreement between Indigenous peoples and the Australian government.

D. The treaty pathway seeks to replace all existing laws.

The main idea here is that a treaty pathway is about creating a formal, negotiated agreement between Indigenous peoples and the Australian government. The Uluru Statement from the Heart frames a treaty as a structured deal that would recognize Indigenous rights and sovereignty, lay out responsibilities on both sides, and provide a mechanism for ongoing partnership within Australia's laws. It's not about a cultural festival, sanctions, or replacing all laws; it's about establishing a formal, long-term arrangement that acknowledges past injustices and guides future relations.

6. Which English phrase matches the French 'A travers le pays'?

A. En effet

B. However

C. Across the country

D. Hisser un drapeau

A travers le pays conveys moving through or across a geographic area, with à travers meaning across/through and le pays meaning the country. The natural English rendering is Across the country, capturing the sense of spanning or traveling across a nation rather than just confirming something or performing a verb phrase. The other options don't fit this sense: en effet means indeed or in fact, a statement booster rather than a spatial phrase; however is a contrastive connector, not a description of movement or location; and hissed un drapeau (hoist a flag) is a verb phrase about a specific action, not about moving across a country.

SAMPLE

7. Which is the English meaning of the French word 'Une capitale'?

A. A capital city

B. A shark

C. An octopus

D. A badger

Une capitale refers to the main city of a country, where the government is based. With the indefinite article une, it means "a capital city." The other options don't fit because those animals have completely different French words: a shark is requin, an octopus can be pieuvre (or poulpe), and a badger is blaireau. So the correct meaning is "a capital city."

8. Which option is the French for 'A capital city'?

A. Venimeux

B. Un requin

C. Une capitale

D. Un serpent

The idea here is how to say the phrase "a capital city" in French. The correct expression is une capitale, with une as the feminine indefinite article and capitale as the noun that means the main city of a country, the administrative center. The other options are unrelated: venimeux means poisonous, un requin is a shark, and un serpent is a snake. So the best fit for "A capital city" is une capitale.

9. What is the French translation of 'An owner'?

A. Un port

B. Un propriétaire

C. Une voix-off

D. Scotcher qqch

On translate "An owner" as un propriétaire. The noun for owner is propriétaire, and you use the masculine indefinite article un to mean "an" in a general sense: un propriétaire. If you know the owner is female, you'd say une propriétaire, but for a generic or unspecified owner, un propriétaire is the standard form. The other options don't fit because they mean something different entirely: un port is a harbour, une voix-off is a voice-over, and scotcher qqch means to tape or stick something. For example, un propriétaire peut louer sa propriété, meaning an owner can rent out their property.

10. What is the French translation of 'To put up a flag'?

A. Hisser un drapeau

B. Posséder qqch

C. Un propriétaire

D. Une ferme (en Australie)

To put up a flag is about the action of lifting or raising a flag on a pole. In French, the verb that captures this specific action is hissER, used with objects like sails or flags. So the natural translation is hissER un drapeau, meaning to hoist a flag. The other options describe ownership or refer to a noun (a flag owner, a farm), which don't convey the act of raising a flag.

SAMPLE

Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

https://aboriginalpeopleinaus103.examzify.com

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

SAMPLE