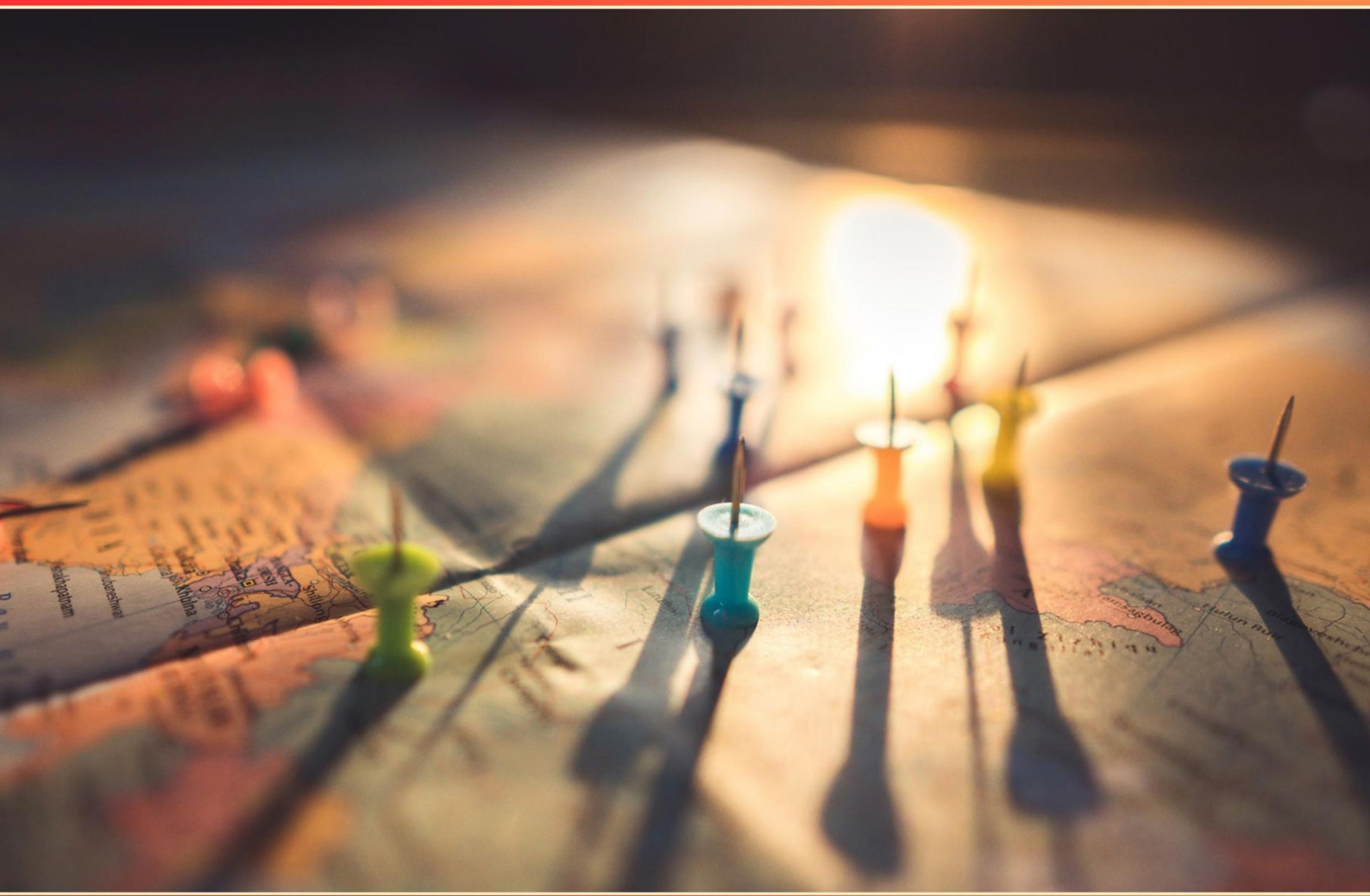
AOCIQT COMBAT PLANS DIVISION (CPD) PRACTICE TEST (SAMPLE)

STUDY GUIDE



SAMPLE STUDY GUIDE WITH LIMITED QUESTIONS

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Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

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How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 – 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

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Questions

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1. Which code represents the FAC(A) mission type?

A. Defensive Counterair

B. Forward Air Controller (Airborne)

C. Escort

D. Offensive Counterair

2. What are the expected outputs of the MAAP Team?

A. Flight path evaluations

B. MAAP Data and MAAP Approval Briefing

C. Communications logs

D. Personnel assignments

3. What constitutes a High Value Asset (HVA)?

A. Secondary assets to be monitored

B. Low priority infrastructure elements

C. Friendly critical assets requiring protection

D. Assets that can be sacrificed during operations

4. What is the purpose of the ATO coordination folder?

A. To store completed mission logs

B. To consolidate all timely information critical to ATO coordination

C. To archive past ATOs for reference

D. To manage personnel assignments

5. What characterizes a specified task?

A. General tasks that need documentation

B. Tasks that are not crucial to mission success

C. Tasks stated in the commander's directives

D. Tasks requiring approval from subordinate commanders

6. What is the primary function of the JDDOC?

A. Sustaining contractor support

B. Overseeing intelligence operations

C. Synchronizing operational movement

D. Managing personnel assignments

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7. What critical component does the AOD provide during air operations?

A. A detailed breakdown of expected costs

B. Comprehensive integration of air operations and intent

C. Assignments of ground troops

D. Consolidation of logistics support

8. What does HARM stand for in military operations?

A. High Altitude Reconnaissance Mission

B. High-Accuracy Rocket Missile

C. High-speed Anti-Radiation Missile

D. Handheld Advanced Reconnaissance Machine

9. What is the Joint Logistics Operations Center (JLOC) responsible for?

A. Developing combat strategies

B. Monitoring logistics execution

C. Managing aerial targeting

D. Sustaining ground forces

10. What is the primary purpose of the Joint Air Operation Plan (JAOP)?

A. To list all aircraft involved in the operation

B. To outline logistics for the air operations

C. To provide a plan for the employment of joint/combined capabilities

D. To develop strategies for ground operations

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Answers

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1. B
2. B
3. C
4. B
5. C
6. C
7. B
8. C
9. B
10. C

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Explanations

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1. Which code represents the FAC(A) mission type?

A. Defensive Counterair

B. Forward Air Controller (Airborne)

C. Escort

D. Offensive Counterair

The Forward Air Controller (Airborne) mission type is designated as FAC(A) because it specifically refers to the role of an airborne controller who coordinates and directs air-to-ground operations, particularly with close air support (CAS) elements during combat operations. The FAC(A) is responsible for identifying targets, assessing enemy positions, and guiding attack aircraft to ensure effective engagement while minimizing collateral damage. This mission type emphasizes the critical role of communication and coordination between ground forces and air support in dynamic combat environments. Unlike the other mission types, which focus on broader tactical operations such as offensive or defensive counterair, the FAC(A) is directly linked to the integration of airpower in support of ground troops, making this designation vital for effective joint operations.

2. What are the expected outputs of the MAAP Team?

A. Flight path evaluations

B. MAAP Data and MAAP Approval Briefing

C. Communications logs

D. Personnel assignments

The expected outputs of the MAAP Team include both the MAAP Data and the MAAP Approval Briefing. This choice is correct because the Main Air Attack Planning (MAAP) process focuses on the creation and approval of a comprehensive operational plan that encompasses various elements of air operations. The MAAP Data consists of the information necessary for scheduling and managing the air tasking order. Additionally, the MAAP Approval Briefing serves to communicate to leadership the planned air operations and allows for any necessary adjustments or approvals before execution. This choice highlights the critical role the MAAP Team plays in ensuring that all air operations are effectively coordinated and understood by all relevant stakeholders. It underscores the importance of clear communication and detailed planning within combat operations for successful mission execution.

3. What constitutes a High Value Asset (HVA)?

A. Secondary assets to be monitored

B. Low priority infrastructure elements

C. Friendly critical assets requiring protection

D. Assets that can be sacrificed during operations

A High Value Asset (HVA) refers to friendly critical assets that are essential to the success of military operations and require protection due to their importance. These assets could include key personnel, vital equipment, critical infrastructure, or any resources that have a significant impact on operational capability. Identifying HVAs allows military planners to prioritize security measures and allocate resources effectively to ensure the safety and operational effectiveness of these assets in various scenarios. Understanding HVA is essential for developing strategies that focus on safeguarding assets that, if compromised, could lead to a detrimental impact on mission success. This concept emphasizes the necessity of protecting those elements that are not only valuable but also irreplaceable in the context of the operation.

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4. What is the purpose of the ATO coordination folder?

A. To store completed mission logs

B. To consolidate all timely information critical to ATO coordination

C. To archive past ATOs for reference

D. To manage personnel assignments

The purpose of the ATO coordination folder is to consolidate all timely information critical to ATO coordination. This folder serves as a centralized repository that includes various elements necessary for the Air Tasking Order (ATO) process, such as operational objectives, supporting plans, and coordination requirements. By organizing this critical information in one location, it enhances situational awareness and ensures that all stakeholders involved in the ATO process have access to the most relevant and up-to-date data. This effective consolidation is vital for facilitating coordination among different units and agencies, thereby improving the overall efficiency and effectiveness of the ATO development and execution processes.

5. What characterizes a specified task?

A. General tasks that need documentation

B. Tasks that are not crucial to mission success

C. Tasks stated in the commander's directives

D. Tasks requiring approval from subordinate commanders

A specified task is characterized by being explicitly stated in the commander's directives. This means that these tasks are clearly defined and articulated by the commander, often as part of mission orders or operational plans. Specified tasks provide clear guidance on what needs to be accomplished and are essential for directing forces towards achieving specific objectives. When tasks are included in a commander's directives, they carry a level of authority and importance that distinguishes them from more general or optional tasks. This aligns with the principles of military operations, where following clear, concise orders is critical for coordinated efforts and mission effectiveness. Consequently, knowing that a task is specified in a directive helps personnel understand its significance and urgency in the context of the overall mission.

6. What is the primary function of the JDDOC?

A. Sustaining contractor support

B. Overseeing intelligence operations

C. Synchronizing operational movement

D. Managing personnel assignments

The primary function of the Joint Deployment and Distribution Operations Center (JDDOC) is indeed to synchronize operational movement. This involves coordinating the effective and efficient movement of forces and material to support joint operations, ensuring that logistical and operational needs are met in a timely manner. This synchronization role is critical for maintaining the flow of resources, which is essential during military operations. The JDDOC operates by integrating various aspects of deployment and distribution to ensure that everything from personnel to equipment is moved where it is needed, when it is needed. This coordination helps to prevent delays, miscommunication, and logistical challenges that can arise in complex military operations. By focusing on this central function, the JDDOC plays a vital role in enhancing operational readiness and effectiveness, supporting unified action across different military branches and operational partners.

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7. What critical component does the AOD provide during air operations?

A. A detailed breakdown of expected costs

B. Comprehensive integration of air operations and intent

C. Assignments of ground troops

D. Consolidation of logistics support

The Air Operations Directive (AOD) is essential for ensuring that air operations are effectively integrated and aligned with the overall mission intent. This document provides a comprehensive framework that details the objectives, priorities, and strategies for air operations, facilitating coherence among various units and assets involved. By establishing clear directives and guidelines, the AOD helps to synchronize efforts across different platforms and forces, ensuring that everyone involved operates towards a common goal. This integration is critical, as it allows for the efficient coordination of air capabilities in response to dynamic battlefield conditions. It ensures that air operations are not conducted in isolation, but rather as part of a larger operational context that includes input from joint and allied forces. By clearly conveying the intent of air operations, the AOD supports effective planning and execution, leading to enhanced mission success.

8. What does HARM stand for in military operations?

A. High Altitude Reconnaissance Mission

B. High-Accuracy Rocket Missile

C. High-speed Anti-Radiation Missile

D. Handheld Advanced Reconnaissance Machine

In military operations, HARM stands for High-speed Anti-Radiation Missile. This designation reflects the missile's specific purpose, which is to detect and target enemy radar systems. The ability to quickly engage these radar installations enhances the effectiveness of air operations by reducing the risk to aircraft from surface-to-air missile threats. HARM missiles are equipped with sophisticated sensors that allow them to home in on the electromagnetic radiation emitted by radar systems, making them a vital part of modern aerial combat strategies. The "high-speed" component emphasizes the missile's rapid response capability, which is crucial in dynamic combat environments where timely engagement can significantly alter the outcome of battles.

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9. What is the Joint Logistics Operations Center (JLOC) responsible for?

A. Developing combat strategies

B. Monitoring logistics execution

C. Managing aerial targeting

D. Sustaining ground forces

The Joint Logistics Operations Center (JLOC) plays a critical role in overseeing and ensuring the effective execution of logistics operations within a joint military framework. Its primary responsibility is to monitor logistics execution, which includes tracking the movement and distribution of supplies, equipment, and personnel to support military operations. This ensures that all units have the necessary resources when and where they need them, thereby enhancing operational readiness and effectiveness. Monitoring logistics execution involves coordinated efforts to assess supply chain vulnerabilities, address logistical challenges, and ensure that necessary supplies—such as ammunition, food, medical supplies, and fuel—are delivered efficiently. A well-functioning JLOC can improve situational awareness and provide commanders with essential information for decision-making during operations. The other responsibilities listed, such as developing combat strategies, managing aerial targeting, and sustaining ground forces, are vital components of military operations but fall under different commands or divisions. For instance, developing combat strategies typically lies within operational planning divisions, while managing aerial targeting is the purview of air operations. Sustaining ground forces is a broader function that may involve various logistics and support aspects but does not specifically define the JLOC's role as it primarily focuses on logistics execution.

10. What is the primary purpose of the Joint Air Operation Plan (JAOP)?

A. To list all aircraft involved in the operation

B. To outline logistics for the air operations

C. To provide a plan for the employment of joint/combined capabilities

D. To develop strategies for ground operations

The primary purpose of the Joint Air Operation Plan (JAOP) is to provide a comprehensive strategy for the employment of joint and combined capabilities in air operations. This plan is integral to ensuring that all available air assets, resources, and operations are effectively synchronized to achieve the desired objectives in a joint or coalition combat environment. It facilitates coordination among various military branches and allied forces, ensuring that air operations are aligned with the overall mission and contribute to achieving strategic goals. Focusing specifically on joint and combined capabilities emphasizes the necessity of integrating various forces, technologies, and approaches to optimize effectiveness in the air domain. This makes the JAOP a crucial document in crafting and executing air operations that are cohesive and efficient, thereby enhancing mission success. The other options, while related to aspects of military operations, do not encapsulate the primary mission of the JAOP. For example, listing all aircraft involved or outlining logistics, while important for operational execution, is too narrow in scope and does not address the overarching purpose of integrating capabilities across services. Similarly, developing strategies for ground operations falls outside the JAOP's focus, emphasizing that this document specifically pertains to air operations and their coordination in joint efforts.

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Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

https://aociqtcpd.examzify.com

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

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