ARMY MILITARY OCCUPATIONAL SPECIALTY (MOS) – 92 ALPHA TEST 1 PRACTICE (SAMPLE)

STUDY GUIDE



SAMPLE STUDY GUIDE WITH LIMITED QUESTIONS

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Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

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How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 – 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

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Questions

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1. Which statement about the last two digits (digits 5 and 6) of a UIC is accurate?

A. They identify the unit's geographic region

B. The last two digits indicate the parent, subordinate, and derivative units, including TDA augmentations to MTOE

C. They indicate the serial number for the day

D. They identify the ship to address code

2. Which feature distinguishes an MTOE from a TDA in the UIC?

A. The leading alpha character in digits 2-4

B. The first digit

C. The last two digits

D. The three-digit suffix

3. How should you route a requisition that is urgent or essential to mission?

A. Assign a higher priority (urgent) and track through to issue, following unit SOP for URGENT requisitions

B. Process as normal with no special priority

C. Cancel the requisition

D. Notify only the supervisor

4. Which statement best supports accurate inventory during receipt?

A. Delay updates until the end of the quarter.

B. Update only after annual audit.

C. Ignore small variances until next cycle.

D. Immediately update records to reflect new stock and verify against the requisition.

5. What does UIC stand for?

A. Uniform Item Code

B. Universal Identification Code

C. Unit Identification Code

D. Unit Inventory Code

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6. What is the numeral designation for Major End Items such as racks and tracked vehicles?

A. Class I (1)

B. Class III (3)

C. Class VII (7)

D. Class VIII (8)

7. Which system establishes maximum requisition processing times across DoD activities?

A. UMMIPS

B. PD Table

C. UMMPIS

D. FAD

8. What is the format of a Document Number used to identify a document?

A. A 14-digit alphanumeric number used to identify a document, for example, W80TDS73450051.

B. A 12-digit numeric code

C. A 10-character alphanumeric string

D. A 16-digit hexadecimal value

9. For FAD III, which statement is the listed answer?

A. Don't have a mission

B. Mission not available

C. Mission complete

D. Mission is optional

10. Under what condition should lot/batch numbers be included in shipping/receiving documentation?

A. Always

B. Only if applicable

C. Never

D. Only for international shipments

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Answers

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1. B
2. A
3. A
4. D
5. C
6. C
7. C
8. A
9. A
10. B

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Explanations

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1. Which statement about the last two digits (digits 5 and 6) of a UIC is accurate?

A. They identify the unit's geographic region

B. The last two digits indicate the parent, subordinate, and derivative units, including TDA augmentations to MTOE

C. They indicate the serial number for the day

D. They identify the ship to address code

The last two digits of a Unit Identification Code show the unit's place in its organizational family. They indicate relationships within the unit's hierarchy—parent units above, any subordinate or derivative units, and any TDA augmentations to the MTOE. This suffix lets you quickly see how the unit is organized beyond its basic structure and what nonstandard attachments or temporary configurations it has. In Army design, the UIC is built so the trailing digits reflect this lineage and augmentation, while the main portion identifies the core unit. That's why geographic region isn't determined by those digits, and the day's serial number or ship-to address code aren't encoded as the last two digits.

2. Which feature distinguishes an MTOE from a TDA in the UIC?

A. The leading alpha character in digits 2-4

B. The first digit

C. The last two digits

D. The three-digit suffix

The marker used in the UIC to tell MTOE from TDA is found in the middle portion of the code. In the second through fourth positions, an alpha character appears for MTOE units, signaling a Modified Table of Organization and Equipment. TDAs have those positions as numeric, so they lack that letter. The rest of the code—the first digit, the last two digits, and any suffix—don't indicate the type, so they aren't the distinguishing feature.

3. How should you route a requisition that is urgent or essential to mission?

A. Assign a higher priority (urgent) and track through to issue, following unit SOP for URGENT requisitions

B. Process as normal with no special priority

C. Cancel the requisition

D. Notify only the supervisor

When a requisition is urgent or essential to the mission, you must elevate its priority and follow through to issue. Elevating the priority flags the request for expedited handling in the supply chain, so it moves ahead of routine requests. Following the unit's SOP for urgent requisitions ensures you apply the correct steps, such as routing the requisition to the urgent queue, coordinating with the supply and issuing activities, and tracking the item all the way to issuance. This guarantees visibility, accountability, and the fastest possible delivery to support the mission. Processing it as normal would delay critical supplies, canceling would waste a mission-essential need, and merely notifying the supervisor without actionable steps wouldn't guarantee timely action.

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4. Which statement best supports accurate inventory during receipt?

A. Delay updates until the end of the quarter.

B. Update only after annual audit.

C. Ignore small variances until next cycle.

D. Immediately update records to reflect new stock and verify against the requisition.

The main idea is that keeping inventory accurate depends on updating records right when goods are received and verifying them against the requisition. When items arrive, you should immediately record the new stock in the inventory system and cross-check what you received with the requisition (and packing list). This quick verification helps catch mismatches, damaged items, or missing quantities right away, so you can resolve discrepancies with the supplier and keep the counts truthful. It also supports accountability and smooth downstream processes like issuing to units or planning buys. Delaying updates, waiting for audits, or ignoring small variances until later breaks real-time visibility and allows discrepancies to pile up, making stock control unreliable.

5. What does UIC stand for?

A. Uniform Item Code

B. Universal Identification Code

C. Unit Identification Code

D. Unit Inventory Code

In Army systems, UIC is the Unit Identification Code, a unique five-character alphanumeric code assigned to each unit. This code serves as the primary identifier across personnel records, supply transactions, property accountability, and unit rosters, so all records clearly tie to the correct unit. That's why Unit Identification Code is the right meaning for UIC. The other options don't fit because they're not the official designation used to identify Army units in data systems.

6. What is the numeral designation for Major End Items such as racks and tracked vehicles?

A. Class I (1)

B. Class III (3)

C. Class VII (7)

D. Class VIII (8)

In Army logistics, items are grouped into classes, with Major End Items falling under Class VII. This classification covers the complete end items of equipment that operate as a system, such as tracked vehicles and other major military hardware. The numeral 7 signals this category, which is why Major End Items like racks and tracked vehicles are designated Class VII. Other classes correspond to different families, for example Class I is subsistence, Class III covers petroleum products, and Class VIII is medical equipment.

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7. Which system establishes maximum requisition processing times across DoD activities?

A. UMMIPS

B. PD Table

C. UMMPIS

D. FAD

The main idea here is centralized timing standards for requisition processing. UMMPIS is the system that sets the maximum processing times a requisition can spend at each DoD activity, creating a single, uniform expectation across the entire DoD supply chain. This helps planners and logisticians see how long a requisition should take from submission to fulfillment, establish performance benchmarks, and trigger escalation if processing falls behind. By having these universal time limits, units can identify delays quickly and keep readiness on track. The other systems serve separate functions and do not define these overarching processing-time limits across DoD activities.

8. What is the format of a Document Number used to identify a document?

A. A 14-digit alphanumeric number used to identify a document, for example, W80TDS73450051.

B. A 12-digit numeric code

C. A 10-character alphanumeric string

D. A 16-digit hexadecimal value

Document numbers use a 14-character alphanumeric string to uniquely identify each document, allowing a wide range of letter-and-number combos. The example W80TDS73450051 demonstrates this exact length and mix of characters, which is why this format is the best fit. A purely numeric code would be too limited in combinations, and a shorter 10-character string wouldn't match the length shown. A 16-digit hexadecimal value would be restricted to digits 0–9 and letters A–F only, which wouldn't accommodate the broader letter set seen in the example. Therefore, the 14-character alphanumeric format best matches how a document is identified.

9. For FAD III, which statement is the listed answer?

A. Don't have a mission

B. Mission not available

C. Mission complete

D. Mission is optional

In this context, the key idea is understanding how mission status is described when there's nothing assigned yet. If a phase or task shows that there is no mission linked to it, the accurate way to state that is "Don't have a mission." This plainly communicates that there is no current assignment, rather than suggesting something is temporarily unavailable, already finished, or optional. The other phrases imply some form of mission exists—whether it's just not accessible yet, already completed, or optional to take—so they don't fit when the status is simply that there is no mission at all.

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10. Under what condition should lot/batch numbers be included in shipping/receiving documentation?

A. Always

B. Only if applicable

C. Never

D. Only for international shipments

Lot/batch numbers are used to identify the specific production run an item came from, enabling traceability for quality control, recalls, and regulatory checks. They should be included in shipping and receiving documentation whenever that traceability is relevant to the item being shipped. If the product is produced in identifiable lots and you need to track which lot is involved, include the lot number. If the item isn't produced in lots or there's no need to trace a particular batch, the number isn't necessary. So the best practice is to include lot/batch numbers only if applicable. While some shipments may require it, others do not, depending on the item and situation.

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Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

https://armymos92alpha1.examzify.com

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

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