CAMP BUTLER OIC/ RSO PRACTICE TEST (SAMPLE)

STUDY GUIDE



SAMPLE STUDY GUIDE WITH LIMITED QUESTIONS

VISIT US ONLINE FOR THE FULL VERSION STUDY GUIDE

https://campbutleroicrso.examzify.com

Copyright © 2026 by Examzify - A Kaluba Technologies Inc. product.

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.

No part of this book may be reproduced or transferred in any form or by any means, graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, web distribution, taping, or by any information storage retrieval system, without the written permission of the author.

Notice: Examzify makes every reasonable effort to obtain accurate, complete, and timely information about this product from reliable sources.

SAMPLE

Table of Contents

Copyright 1

Table of Contents 2

Introduction 3

How to Use This Guide 4

Questions 5

Answers 8

Explanations 10

Next Steps 16

SAMPLE

Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

SAMPLE

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 – 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

SAMPLE

Questions

SAMPLE

1. Who is authorized to enter a high hazard impact area to fight a fire?

A. Emergency Response Teams

B. Control Officers

C. Commanding Officers

D. All Personnel

2. Permitted firing times for SESAMS, blanks, pyrotechnics, and other noise-producing training simulators are authorized in the RTAs from?

A. Sunrise to Sunset

B. Specific Scheduled Times

C. During all hours

D. Only during Daylight Hours

3. What is the primary responsibility of an Officer in Charge (OIC) at Camp Butler?

A. To manage personnel schedules

B. To ensure mission readiness and oversee all operations within their command

C. To handle logistical support for training

D. To develop training programs for staff

4. Describe the responsibilities of the assigned range safety personnel.

A. To monitor safety, manage range operations, and enforce safety protocols

B. To assist in the shooting activities

C. To oversee administrative tasks only

D. To provide refreshments to the participants

5. How long must lightning cease and no thunder be reported for units to resume fire after L-10 condition?

A. 15 minutes

B. 30 minutes

C. 45 minutes

D. 60 minutes

SAMPLE

6. How should personnel respond when they see range red flags?

A. Ignore them and continue activities

B. Immediately cease all activities and follow emergency protocols

C. Wait for further instructions before acting

D. Notify only the Police

7. How should munitions be stored at Camp Butler?

A. In an open storage area

B. In a secure, designated ammunition storage facility

C. In individual lockers

D. In vehicles parked at the range

8. Which entity is responsible for executing training area co-use specification?

A. Unit Commanders

B. Range Safety Officers

C. Air Sentries

D. Range Officer in Charge

9. Who must be certified by the Commanding Officer on the command authorization letter?

A. ROIC and RSO

B. Safety Officers and Commanders

C. Range Managers and Field Officers

D. All personnel on the range

10. Who must request port-a-jons for training where toilet facilities are not present?

A. Range Control

B. The using unit

C. Local authorities

D. Participating civilians

SAMPLE

Answers

SAMPLE

1. A
2. C
3. B
4. A
5. B
6. B
7. B
8. D
9. A
10. B

SAMPLE

Explanations

SAMPLE

1. Who is authorized to enter a high hazard impact area to fight a fire?

A. Emergency Response Teams

B. Control Officers

C. Commanding Officers

D. All Personnel

The correct answer is that Emergency Response Teams are authorized to enter a high hazard impact area to fight a fire. Emergency Response Teams are specifically trained for hazardous situations, ensuring they have the necessary skills, protective equipment, and knowledge to handle emergencies safely and effectively. These teams typically include firefighters and other personnel who understand the risks involved in high hazard areas and are trained in techniques for combating fires while ensuring their own safety. Other options may not be authorized because they either lack the specialized training or do not have the same level of preparedness for responding to emergencies in dangerous environments. Control Officers typically focus on the management and coordination of the operation rather than direct engagement with hazards, while Commanding Officers may oversee operations but may not be directly involved in the physical act of fighting fires. All personnel, in general, may not be adequately trained or equipped to handle the specific dangers posed in high hazard areas.

2. Permitted firing times for SESAMS, blanks, pyrotechnics, and other noise-producing training simulators are authorized in the RTAs from?

A. Sunrise to Sunset

B. Specific Scheduled Times

C. During all hours

D. Only during Daylight Hours

The correct answer indicates that permitted firing times for SESAMS, blanks, pyrotechnics, and other noise-producing training simulators are allowed during all hours. This suggests that there are no restrictions based on time of day for these specific activities, which is crucial for training continuity and effectiveness. Allowing the use of these devices at any hour can enhance operational readiness and simulate real-world scenarios where such equipment might be employed at any time. In training scenarios, flexibility with firing times can also be important for meeting specific training objectives that require nighttime operations or different environmental conditions. This approach enables units to train under varied circumstances, preparing them for diverse scenarios they may face during actual operations. Other options imply restrictions or specific guidelines that limit these activities. Some may represent policies that prioritize noise considerations or community impact, which, while important, do not apply here according to the statement. The understanding of "all hours" in the context of military or training environments underscores the operational flexibility needed to conduct comprehensive training effectively.

SAMPLE

3. What is the primary responsibility of an Officer in Charge (OIC) at Camp Butler?

A. To manage personnel schedules

B. To ensure mission readiness and oversee all operations within their command

C. To handle logistical support for training

D. To develop training programs for staff

The primary responsibility of an Officer in Charge (OIC) at Camp Butler is to ensure mission readiness and oversee all operations within their command. This role is critical as the OIC is tasked with not only managing the day-to-day activities but also ensuring that their team is prepared to meet operational demands effectively. This involves a broad scope of responsibilities, including evaluating the readiness of personnel, resources, and equipment necessary to fulfill missions. While managing personnel schedules, handling logistical support, and developing training programs are important functions within a military context, these tasks typically fall under the purview of subordinate roles or other specialized staff. The OIC's focus is wider, emphasizing the overall operational readiness and strategic management of their unit rather than getting into the specifics of individual tasks. This holistic approach enables the OIC to maintain a mission-ready force capable of adapting to various situations, leading to effective command and control during operations.

4. Describe the responsibilities of the assigned range safety personnel.

A. To monitor safety, manage range operations, and enforce safety protocols

B. To assist in the shooting activities

C. To oversee administrative tasks only

D. To provide refreshments to the participants

The responsibilities of assigned range safety personnel primarily revolve around ensuring a safe shooting environment. Their role includes monitoring safety measures to prevent accidents and ensure the well-being of all participants. This encompasses observing the range for any unsafe behaviors, checking that all safety protocols are being strictly followed, and managing overall range operations to maintain an orderly and secure shooting experience. Effective management of range operations is crucial, as it includes coordinating the timing of shooting sessions, communicating with shooters and other personnel, and ensuring that all equipment is used safely and correctly. This proactive management and enforcement of protocols help mitigate risks associated with firearm activities. In contrast, other choices do not encompass the full scope of responsibilities that range safety personnel hold. Assisting in shooting activities may imply a more hands-on role rather than a focus on safety and monitoring. Overseeing only administrative tasks lacks the critical element of physical presence and intervention that range safety personnel provide. Lastly, providing refreshments, while a helpful gesture, falls outside the essential responsibilities of range safety, which are centered on maintaining safety and compliance on the shooting range.

SAMPLE

5. How long must lightning cease and no thunder be reported for units to resume fire after L-10 condition?

A. 15 minutes

B. 30 minutes

C. 45 minutes

D. 60 minutes

For units to safely resume fire after a lightning warning, it is essential that both lightning ceases and no thunder is reported for a specific duration, which is an important safety protocol. The correct duration is 30 minutes. This guideline is in place to ensure the safety of personnel and equipment by providing a sufficient buffer period after the last observed lightning strike or thunder, allowing time to confirm that the threat has fully passed. This preventive measure helps minimize the risk of accidents or injuries that can occur due to unforeseen weather conditions, particularly in environments where live fire operations are conducted. Maintaining vigilance and adhering to these protocols is crucial for operational safety.

6. How should personnel respond when they see range red flags?

A. Ignore them and continue activities

B. Immediately cease all activities and follow emergency protocols

C. Wait for further instructions before acting

D. Notify only the Police

Personnel should immediately cease all activities and follow emergency protocols when they see range red flags. Red flags are critical signals that indicate a potential or immediate safety hazard on the range. Responding promptly to these warnings is essential to ensure the safety of all personnel present and to prevent any accidents or injuries that could arise from ignoring such signals. Following emergency protocols ensures that everyone is made aware of the situation and that appropriate actions are taken to address the issue. This may involve evacuating the area, alerting management, or preparing for further instructions from a designated safety officer. It is crucial that personnel do not ignore the red flags or continue with their activities, as this could lead to dangerous consequences. Quick and decisive action is required to maintain a safe working environment, emphasizing the importance of adherence to established safety procedures in such situations.

7. How should munitions be stored at Camp Butler?

A. In an open storage area

B. In a secure, designated ammunition storage facility

C. In individual lockers

D. In vehicles parked at the range

Munitions should be stored in a secure, designated ammunition storage facility to ensure safety and compliance with military regulations. This type of storage minimizes the risk of accidental detonation or unauthorized access, which is critical given the hazardous nature of munitions. These facilities are specifically designed to withstand certain types of potential incidents, and they typically have stringent security measures in place to protect the contents. This approach not only complies with best practices in ordnance safety but also aligns with the protocols established by military standards, which dictate that munitions must be stored in a manner that ensures both security and safety for personnel and the surrounding environment. Open storage areas, personal lockers, or vehicles do not provide the necessary protection or security required for handling and addressing munitions, potentially leading to serious safety hazards.

SAMPLE

8. Which entity is responsible for executing training area co-use specification?

A. Unit Commanders

B. Range Safety Officers

C. Air Sentries

D. Range Officer in Charge

The Range Officer in Charge (OIC) is responsible for executing training area co-use specifications because this role involves overseeing the safe and effective use of training areas, ensuring compliance with safety standards and protocols. The OIC is charged with coordinating usage among different units and ensuring that all operations adhere to established guidelines, thereby preventing conflicts and ensuring the safety of personnel and equipment during training exercises. This includes implementing and managing co-use specifications, which dictate how multiple units can responsibly share training areas without compromising safety or operational effectiveness. The position demands a comprehensive understanding of safety regulations, training needs, and inter-unit cooperation, making it a crucial role in maintaining a safe training environment.

9. Who must be certified by the Commanding Officer on the command authorization letter?

A. ROIC and RSO

B. Safety Officers and Commanders

C. Range Managers and Field Officers

D. All personnel on the range

The correct answer is based on the specific requirements established for range operations within military contexts, particularly regarding who must hold certification to ensure safety and compliance during exercises. The ROIC, or Range Officer in Charge, and RSO, or Range Safety Officer, play crucial roles in overseeing activities on the range. Their certification signifies that they have completed the necessary training and possess the knowledge to ensure that all safety regulations and operational guidelines are followed. This includes not just the management of firearm safety but also the implementation of emergency procedures, ensuring that all personnel on the range are following established protocols, and that the range is operated in a manner that minimizes risks both to participants and to the surrounding environment. Having these individuals certified by the Commanding Officer on the command authorization letter is vital because it confirms their authority and capability to enforce safety measures, making sure that all activities conducted on the range meet the prescribed safety standards. This certification is essential for effective command and control within range operations and enhances overall safety for everyone involved.

SAMPLE

10. Who must request port-a-jons for training where toilet facilities are not present?

A. Range Control

B. The using unit

C. Local authorities

D. Participating civilians

The requirement for the using unit to request port-a-jons stems from the responsibility placed on the unit conducting the training. When a unit identifies that toilet facilities are not available on-site, it becomes their duty to ensure that adequate sanitation facilities, like portable toilets, are arranged to support the health and comfort of all personnel involved in the training activities. This is a proactive measure aimed at maintaining hygiene standards and ensuring that the training environment is suitable and conducive for all participants. In most organizational structures, the using unit has firsthand knowledge of their training requirements and the specifics of the location they will be utilizing. This direct involvement empowers them to make logistics decisions based on practical insights, thereby effectively managing their resources and ensuring compliance with safety and health regulations.

SAMPLE

Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

https://campbutleroicrso.examzify.com

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

SAMPLE