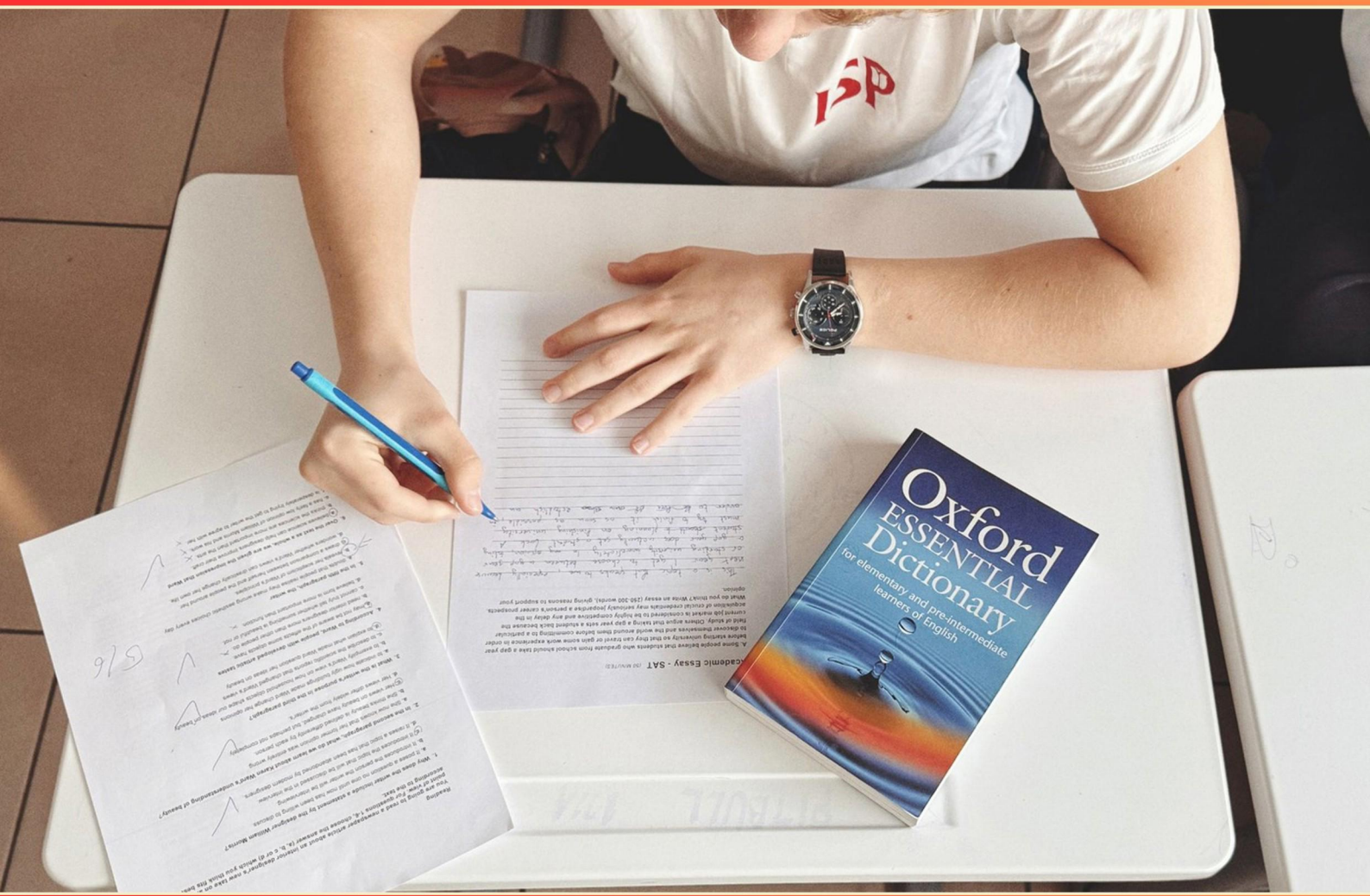
GRE VERBAL REASONING PRACTICE TEST (SAMPLE)

STUDY GUIDE



SAMPLE STUDY GUIDE WITH LIMITED QUESTIONS

VISIT US ONLINE FOR THE FULL VERSION STUDY GUIDE

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Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

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How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 – 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

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Questions

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1. Which word means to clear of blame?

A. exonerate
B. exculpate
C. erudite
D. equivocate

2. Lacking in interest or flavor.

A. intransigent
B. insipid
C. innocuous
D. implacable

3. Which noun refers to intense enthusiasm or ardor?

A. Volatile
B. Waver
C. Whimsical
D. Zeal

4. Which word means to reject the validity of?

A. Lofty or grand
B. Deceptively attractive
C. Sharp and irritating
D. To reject the validity of

5. Which word means 'Someone who shows off learning'?

A. Perfunctory
B. Pedant
C. Perfidious
D. Obstinate

6. Which word means "impossible to be calmed down or made peaceful"?

A. implacable
B. innocuous
C. irascible
D. impetuous

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7. Uncompromising; refusing to be reconciled.

A. inimical
B. innocuous
C. intransigent
D. ingenuous

8. Which word refers to someone biased in favor of their own group?

A. Capricious
B. Castigate
C. Chicanery
D. Chauvinist

9. Which word means 'to copy to try to equal or excel'?

A. Engender
B. Emulate
C. Disparate
D. Dupe

10. Which word means 'to respect deeply'?

A. Vex
B. Tacit
C. Venerate
D. Veracity

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Answers

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1. A
2. B
3. D
4. D
5. B
6. A
7. C
8. D
9. B
10. C

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Explanations

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1. Which word means to clear of blame?

A. exonerate

B. exculpate

C. erudite

D. equivocate

The concept being tested is knowing a word that means to clear someone of blame. Exonerate fits best because it means to absolve or clear from blame or guilt, often after an investigation. It conveys an official or formal clearing of responsibility. Exculpate is very close but leans more toward removing culpability in a legal sense, while erudite means highly educated and has nothing to do with blame, and equivocate means to hedge or avoid commitment.

2. Lacking in interest or flavor.

A. intransigent

B. insipid

C. innocuous

D. implacable

The idea being tested is vocabulary around dullness or blandness. Insipid exactly captures both senses: something with little flavor and something that feels uninteresting or lifeless. That makes it the best fit for "Lacking in interest or flavor," since it directly conveys both lack of taste and lack of engaging quality. The other words don't match as well. Intransigent refers to being stubborn or unwilling to change one's mind, which has nothing to do with flavor or interest. Implacable means relentless or impossible to appease, again unrelated to dullness or tastelessness. Innocuous means harmless or safe, which can imply blandness in some contexts, but it doesn't inherently convey a lack of interest or flavor in the sense described here.

3. Which noun refers to intense enthusiasm or ardor?

A. Volatile

B. Waver

C. Whimsical

D. Zeal

This item tests understanding of a noun that conveys a strong, ardent enthusiasm. Zeal captures that exact sense: it denotes passionate energy and unwavering devotion toward a cause or goal. It's a standard word used to describe intense fervor and eagerness. The other terms describe different ideas. Volatile refers to something unstable or likely to change rapidly. Waver means to hesitate or flip between options. Whimsical describes playful, capricious, or fanciful behavior. None of these convey the intense, fervent devotion that zeal does, so zeal is the best fit. For example, her zeal for learning kept her studying late into the night.

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4. Which word means to reject the validity of?

A. Lofty or grand

B. Deceptively attractive

C. Sharp and irritating

D. To reject the validity of

The main idea is recognizing a word that means challenging the truth of a claim. To refute something is to argue against it and show that it's false, effectively denying its validity. The option that expresses this exact sense is the best fit because it directly defines the act of rejecting a claim's validity—refuting the claim with evidence or contradiction. For contrast, the other descriptions point to unrelated ideas: lofty or grand describes scale or nobility; deceptively attractive refers to something that seems appealing but misleads; sharp and irritating describes a biting or abrasive quality. So the precise concept here is refuting a claim by demonstrating its falsehood.

5. Which word means 'Someone who shows off learning'?

A. Perfunctory

B. Pedant

C. Perfidious

D. Obstinate

The concept here is identifying a term for someone who flaunts their learning. The word that fits best is pedant. A pedant is someone who overemphasizes formal knowledge and correctness, often correcting others or focusing on trivial details to display their learning. This negative sense distinguishes it from simply being learned; the idea is the show of knowledge rather than genuine understanding. Perfunctory describes something done with minimal effort or care, not about displaying learning. Perfidious means deceitful or treacherous. Obstinate means stubborn and unwilling to change one's mind. These don't capture the sense of someone who parades their knowledge as a form of showmanship the way pedant does.

6. Which word means "impossible to be calmed down or made peaceful"?

A. implacable

B. innocuous

C. irascible

D. impetuous

The key idea is a word for something that cannot be calmed or pacified. Implacable captures this precisely: it describes people or forces that refuse to be placated, appeased, or softened, no matter what you do. The prefix im- marks negation, and placable means able to be soothed or pacified, so implacable literally means not able to be pacified. For example, an implacable foe won't yield to negotiation, and implacable grief can persist despite consolation. Innocuous means harmless or unimportant, which has no bearing on whether something can be soothed. Irascible describes a quick temper or irritability, not an incapacity to be calmed. Impetuous means acting with sudden, reckless force or without thought, which also doesn't convey an inability to be pacified. Thus, implacable best fits the description.

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7. Uncompromising; refusing to be reconciled.

A. inimical

B. innocuous

C. intransigent

D. ingenuous

The question tests your ability to pick a word that conveys a steadfast refusal to yield or compromise. The best fit is intransigent, which means stubbornly unyielding or uncompromising—not willing to change one's position or reconcile differences even in the face of pressure. Think of it this way: intransigent captures the exact behavior described—refusing to be reconciled or to budge from a stance. The other words don't carry that same sense. Inimical means hostile or harmful toward someone or something, which is about attitude rather than the act of refusing to compromise. Innocuous means harmless or innocuous, nothing to do with stubbornness or negotiation. Ingenuous describes someone who is innocent or naive, not cunning or inflexible.

8. Which word refers to someone biased in favor of their own group?

A. Capricious

B. Castigate

C. Chicanery

D. Chauvinist

Bias toward one's own group is captured by a word that signals excessive loyalty and a belief in that group's superiority. That term describes someone who favors their own group—nation, gender, team, etc.—and often doubts or looks down on others. A chauvinist fits this idea perfectly: it denotes a person who is ardently patriotic or loyal to their own group and who sees it as superior. The other words don't convey this sense. Capricious means unpredictable or whimsical, not about group bias. Castigate means to harshly criticize or condemn. Chicanery refers to trickery or deceit.

9. Which word means 'to copy to try to equal or excel'?

A. Engender

B. Emulate

C. Disparate

D. Dupe

The idea being tested is choosing a word that means imitate with the aim of matching or surpassing someone. That sense is captured by emulate, which means to imitate or copy someone in order to reach their level or exceed it. Engender means to cause something to exist, disparate describes things that are fundamentally different, and dupe means to trick or fool someone. For example, a student who studies and trains like a champion is emulating the champion. This makes emulate the correct choice.

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10. Which word means 'to respect deeply'?

A. Vex

B. Tacit

C. Venerate

D. Veracity

The idea here is recognizing a verb that conveys deep reverence. Venerate means to regard with reverence, awe, or deep respect—a formal sense of honoring someone held in high esteem. For example, people often venerate figures who have shown sustained wisdom and moral integrity. Vex means to irritate or annoy, tacit means understood without being stated, and veracity means truthfulness or accuracy. Those meanings don't capture the sense of deep respect, so venerate is the best fit.

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Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

https://greverbalreasoning.examzify.com

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

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