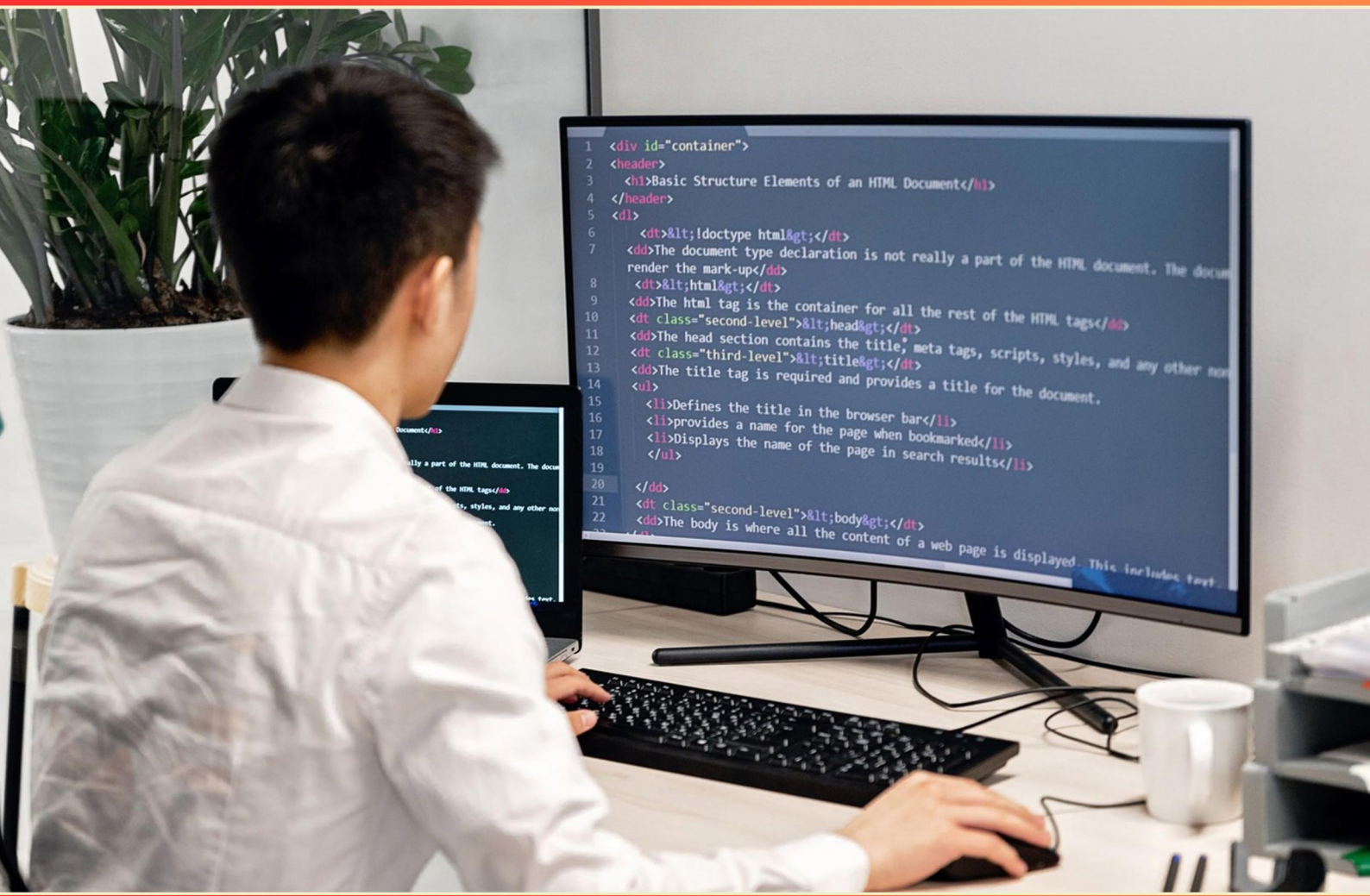
ICD-10-PCS CODING PRACTICE EXAM (SAMPLE)

STUDY GUIDE



SAMPLE STUDY GUIDE WITH LIMITED QUESTIONS

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Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

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How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 – 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

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Questions

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1. **In Table 3E0, the character 4 value that represents products of conception is?**

   A. C

   B. E

   C. F

   D. D

2. **Which character represents the fetus during a procedure in the Obstetrics Section?**

   A. 1

   B. 2

   C. 3

   D. 4

3. **How many values are there for the second character in the Placement section of ICD-10-PCS?**

   A. One

   B. Two

   C. Three

   D. Four

4. **When coding the phrase "right upper extremity cast change due to breakage of cast," which specific term should be referenced in the Index?**

   A. Change device in or on

   B. Modify cast

   C. Change cast only

   D. Replace device

5. **Does a first-character value of B in ICD-10-PCS denote imaging?**

   A. True

   B. False

   C. Only for certain imaging types

   D. Not applicable

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6. A PET scan of the myocardium using O-15 would be reported with which code?

A. C23GMZZ

B. C24GMZZ

C. C25GMZZ

D. C26GMZZ

7. Which root operation is defined as partially closing an orifice or lumen of a tubular body part?

A. Resection

B. Restriction

C. Reattachment

D. Occlusion

8. What methodology does planar nuclear medicine imaging primarily use?

A. Ultrasound capture

B. Radioactive emission capture

C. Magnetic resonance imaging

D. Fluoroscopy imaging

9. Are the fourth character values in the Placement section divided into body regions and natural orifices?

A. True

B. False

C. Only in specific cases

D. Only in surgeries

10. What does the qualifier of P in Table 10Y represent?

A. Cardiovascular system

B. Mucous membranes

C. Endocrine system

D. Musculoskeletal system

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Answers

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1. B
2. A
3. B
4. A
5. A
6. A
7. B
8. B
9. A
10. C

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Explanations

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1. In Table 3E0, the character 4 value that represents products of conception is?

A. C

B. E

C. F

D. D

In Table 3E0 of the ICD-10-PCS coding system, the character 4 represents the specific value associated with products of conception. The coding structure in ICD-10-PCS is organized in a way that each character has a specific definition and represents a particular aspect of the procedure or condition being coded. The value designated by the character 4 correlates to products of conception, providing a clear distinction for coding purposes. Understanding this association is crucial for proper coding, as it allows for accurate documentation of the procedure performed, especially in obstetric and gynecological contexts. Other values in the character set, such as C, E, and D, pertain to different definitions, hence making them unsuitable for representing products of conception. This differentiation ensures that medical coding can precisely reflect the medical circumstances and treatments provided to patients, which is essential for appropriate billing and healthcare analytics.

2. Which character represents the fetus during a procedure in the Obstetrics Section?

A. 1

B. 2

C. 3

D. 4

In the Obstetrics Section of the ICD-10-PCS coding system, the character that specifically denotes the fetus during a procedure is the first character. This character provides crucial information about the section of the procedure and identifies whether it involves the mother or the fetus. The designation of a procedure as being performed on the fetus is significant in coding because it encapsulates the uniqueness of fetal care, including surgeries or interventions, that take place before birth. The proper assignment of this character ensures accurate coding which reflects the specific nature of obstetric procedures. The other characters do not represent the fetus and tend to reference different types of procedures or anatomical sites, hence cannot be used to code for fetal-related interventions. Understanding this coding structure helps ensure that healthcare facilities are reimbursed accurately and that patient records are detailed and informative.

3. How many values are there for the second character in the Placement section of ICD-10-PCS?

A. One

B. Two

C. Three

D. Four

In the ICD-10-PCS coding system, the Placement section specifically refers to how devices are positioned within the body. For the second character of the Placement section, there are indeed two distinct values. This value defines the placement of the device and indicates whether it is placed in a body part, whether it is retained, or if it is intended for insertion or removal. Understanding this aspect is critical for accurate coding, as it can significantly affect the interpretation of the procedure performed. The presence of two values allows coders to specify the exact type of placement, which is essential for data integrity and proper communication in the medical field. This coding structure has been designed to ensure clarity and precision, ultimately supporting effective healthcare documentation and reporting.

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4. When coding the phrase "right upper extremity cast change due to breakage of cast," which specific term should be referenced in the Index?

A. Change device in or on

B. Modify cast

C. Change cast only

D. Replace device

In coding situations involving the replacement or alteration of a medical device, specificity in terminology is crucial for accurate coding. The term "Change device in or on" encompasses actions where a device is being modified or alternated, which is essential in this scenario where you need to document a cast change due to breakage. This term directly refers to the action of changing a device, which applies to replacing or modifying a cast on the patient's right upper extremity. It indicates that a device is being replaced as opposed to merely adjusting or cleaning it, providing clarity on the nature of the intervention. Other terms might not cover the full intent of the procedure. For example, while "Change cast only" seems closely related, it lacks the breadth of "Change device in or on" and does not directly address the underlying reason for the action, which is the breakage of the cast. The choice "Modify cast" similarly does not capture the idea of replacing the cast entirely. Lastly, "Replace device" is too general and could lead to ambiguity, as it does not specify that the context involves a cast change. Choosing "Change device in or on" is the most appropriate and precise reference when coding for such procedures, ensuring clarity in medical documentation and proper representation

5. Does a first-character value of B in ICD-10-PCS denote imaging?

A. True

B. False

C. Only for certain imaging types

D. Not applicable

In ICD-10-PCS, a first-character value of B is indeed designated for imaging procedures. This coding system categorizes various types of medical procedures, and the first character is specifically associated with the section of the code that identifies the nature of the procedure. The B value corresponds to procedures related to diagnostic imaging, which encompasses a wide range of techniques such as X-rays, MRIs, CT scans, and ultrasounds. This systematic approach helps healthcare professionals and coders accurately categorize and bill for various imaging services provided to patients. Other options stem from misunderstandings about the specificity of the coding system. The notion that it applies only to certain imaging types is inaccurate because the B character is universally accepted in this context for all imaging procedures. Similarly, the claim that imaging does not apply at all would misrepresent the hierarchy and structure of ICD-10-PCS, which clearly defines imaging under the B category. Lastly, the assertion of not applicable does not align with the fact that imaging is a critical component within the procedural coding structure.

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6. A PET scan of the myocardium using O-15 would be reported with which code?

A. C23GMZZ

B. C24GMZZ

C. C25GMZZ

D. C26GMZZ

To familiarize you with the coding of a PET scan of the myocardium using O-15, it's important to look at the structure of ICD-10-PCS codes and the specific components that help identify the procedure being performed. In this case, the code C23GMZZ is the correct representation for a PET scan of the myocardium using O-15. The code is structured as follows: - The "C" in the first character represents the Medical and Surgical section, indicating that the procedure is related to the heart. - The "23" in the second and third characters is specific to the procedures associated with the heart's vascular structures. This indicates that the procedure is related to cardiac imaging, specifically cardiac PET scans which are used for assessing myocardial perfusion and metabolism. - The "G" in the fourth character indicates the use of a tracer, which in this context refers to O-15, a commonly used isotope in myocardial perfusion imaging. - The "M" in the fifth character specifies the unique function of imaging, while the "ZZ" at the end signifies that there's no additional qualifier or complication related to the procedure. Given these components, C23GMZZ accurately describes the PET scan of the myocardium utilizing O-15,

7. Which root operation is defined as partially closing an orifice or lumen of a tubular body part?

A. Resection

B. Restriction

C. Reattachment

D. Occlusion

The root operation defined as partially closing an orifice or lumen of a tubular body part is correctly identified as restriction. This operation involves narrowing or constricting an opening or passage within a tubular structure, which is essential when dealing with conditions where controlling the flow or flow rate is necessary. Understanding this concept is particularly relevant in the context of various medical procedures, where the aim might be to reduce the size of the orifice for therapeutic purposes. For example, in procedures involving the gastrointestinal or vascular systems, restriction can be employed to manage conditions such as stenosis or obesity by reducing the size of a passageway. In contrast, resection refers to the removal of a portion of an organ or structure, which is not focused on merely closing or constricting but rather involves excising tissue. Reattachment indicates putting together tissues or organs that were severed or removed. Occlusion may imply complete closure or blockage of a passage, differing from the intentional partial closure represented by restriction. Understanding these definitions is vital for accurate ICD-10-PCS coding and reflects the nuances of surgical procedures and operations.

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8. What methodology does planar nuclear medicine imaging primarily use?

A. Ultrasound capture

B. Radioactive emission capture

C. Magnetic resonance imaging

D. Fluoroscopy imaging

Planar nuclear medicine imaging primarily utilizes the methodology of capturing radioactive emissions. This imaging technique involves the use of radiopharmaceuticals that emit gamma rays, which are detected by gamma cameras. The capture of these emissions allows for the visualization and assessment of physiological processes within the body, such as blood flow, metabolic activity, and the function of organs. The method stands out in its ability to provide functional information rather than just structural details, helping clinicians diagnose various conditions. While ultrasound capture, magnetic resonance imaging, and fluoroscopy imaging are significant in their own right, they operate on different principles—ultrasound uses sound waves, MRI uses magnetic fields and radio waves, and fluoroscopy utilizes continuous X-ray imaging. Thus, the focus on radioactive emission capture is what uniquely defines planar nuclear medicine imaging.

9. Are the fourth character values in the Placement section divided into body regions and natural orifices?

A. True

B. False

C. Only in specific cases

D. Only in surgeries

The statement is true as the fourth character values in the Placement section of ICD-10-PCS are indeed divided into body regions and natural orifices. This classification allows for a more precise coding of where a device, such as a catheter or another type of implantable device, is placed within the body. By utilizing specific body regions and natural orifices, it provides essential details for healthcare documentation, billing, and ensuring that treatments are accurately recorded. The structure of the coding system supports a systematic approach to capturing the location of device placements, which is crucial for clinical data analysis, outcomes research, and adherence to governmental and insurance billing requirements. Understanding this division aids coders in selecting the appropriate codes that accurately reflect the specifics of a procedure performed. This granular classification is fundamental for achieving data integrity and supporting clinical work. Other choices do not align with the standard classification; it is not conditional or limited to certain cases or procedures, reinforcing that the fourth character values consistently encompass body regions and natural orifices across the Placement section.

10. What does the qualifier of P in Table 10Y represent?

A. Cardiovascular system

B. Mucous membranes

C. Endocrine system

D. Musculoskeletal system

The qualifier of P in Table 10Y specifically signifies the endocrine system. In the context of ICD-10-PCS coding, qualifiers serve to specify the anatomical site or system being referenced in the procedure. The endocrine system is responsible for hormone production and regulation and includes glands such as the thyroid, adrenal glands, and pancreas. Using the correct qualifier is essential for accurately coding and documenting medical procedures, as it directly impacts how the data is grouped and used for clinical decision-making, billing, and healthcare analytics. Understanding the classifications of various qualifiers, such as the one in question, helps ensure precise communication in healthcare management and coding practices.

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Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

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We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

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