MASTER CANADIAN NURSING ABBREVIATIONS PRACTICE (SAMPLE)

STUDY GUIDE



SAMPLE STUDY GUIDE WITH LIMITED QUESTIONS

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https://canadiannursingabbreviations.examzify.com

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Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

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How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 – 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

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Questions

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1. What does 'po' denote in medical terminology?

A. per orifice
B. prior onset
C. orally
D. pre operation

2. What does URI stand for?

A. Universal resource identifier
B. Unresolved respiratory infection
C. Upper respiratory tract infection
D. Unique registry identity

3. What does the acronym 'r/t' stand for?

A. right turn
B. related to
C. right time
D. release time

4. What is the abbreviation UTI short for?

A. Unified threat identification
B. Upper tract infection
C. Unified testing initiative
D. Urinary tract infection

5. What does D5W stand for?

A. 5% dextrose in water
B. 5 days a week
C. Dose 5 times a week
D. Daily 5 times workout

6. What does "OTC" represent in medication classifications?

A. Over the counter
B. On the clinical chart
C. Open treatment category
D. Official therapeutic classification

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7. What does EEG stand for?

A. Elelctro encephalogram

B. Effective ego gain

C. Environmental engineering group

D. Elastic electronography

8. What does TPR stand for in medical terminology?

A. Total patient recovery

B. Temperature, pulse, and respirations

C. Therapeutic procedure request

D. Total pain relief

9. What does the acronym 'lytes' stand for?

A. Electrolytes

B. Light therapy

C. Lymphocytes

D. Lipotypes

10. What is the full form of 'CHF' in a medical context?

A. Chronic Heart Failure

B. Cerebral Hemorrhage Fluid

C. Congestive Heart Failure

D. Cardio-Hepatic Fusion

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Answers

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1. C
2. C
3. B
4. D
5. A
6. A
7. A
8. B
9. A
10. C

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Explanations

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1. What does 'po' denote in medical terminology?

A. per orifice

B. prior onset

C. orally

D. pre operation

'po' denotes 'orally' in medical terminology. This is because in medical terminology, 'po' is an abbreviation for the Latin term 'per os' which translates to 'by mouth'. This means that a medication or substance should be taken through the mouth and swallowed in order to enter the digestive system. The other options, 'per orifice', 'prior onset', and 'pre operation' do not accurately reflect the meaning of 'po'. 'Per orifice' could refer to any opening in the body, not specifically the mouth. 'Prior onset' could refer to the order in which symptoms appear, not a method of intake. 'Pre operation' could refer to any action taken before a procedure, not specifically the taking of medication. Therefore, 'orally' or 'by mouth' is the most appropriate answer.

2. What does URI stand for?

A. Universal resource identifier

B. Unresolved respiratory infection

C. Upper respiratory tract infection

D. Unique registry identity

A URI refers to a unique string of characters used to identify and locate a specific resource or webpage on the internet. Option A, Universal Resource Identifier, is the correct expansion of the acronym and best fits the definition of a URI. Options B and D are incorrect as they refer to healthcare-related terms and not related to identification or location of resources. Option C, Upper Respiratory Tract Infection, is an incorrect definition and has no relation to internet terminology. Therefore, option C is incorrect.

3. What does the acronym 'r/t' stand for?

A. right turn

B. related to

C. right time

D. release time

The acronym "r/t" stands for "related to." It is often used in social media, specifically on the platform Reddit, where it is used to categorize and group posts and discussions. "Right turn" and "right time" are incorrect because they are not commonly used acronyms in this context. "Release time" is also incorrect because it does not fit the context of social media or Reddit. Therefore, the correct answer is B related to.

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4. What is the abbreviation UTI short for?

A. Unified threat identification

B. Upper tract infection

C. Unified testing initiative

D. Urinary tract infection

UTI stands for urinary tract infection. The other options are incorrect because - A: Unified threat identification is used in the context of computer security, not medical terminology. - B: Upper tract infection refers to infections of the upper respiratory tract, not the urinary tract. - C: Unified testing initiative is not a commonly used abbreviation in the medical field and does not have any relation to urinary tract infections.

5. What does D5W stand for?

A. 5% dextrose in water

B. 5 days a week

C. Dose 5 times a week

D. Daily 5 times workout

D5W stands for 5% dextrose in water. This option is a common terminology used in medical settings to indicate a solution consisting of 5% glucose (dextrose) dissolved in water. Option B (5 days a week), C (Dose 5 times a week), and D (Daily 5 times a week) all have similar phrasing but do not accurately reflect the meaning of D5W. They can be easily confused with each other, making them incorrect options for this question.

6. What does "OTC" represent in medication classifications?

A. Over the counter

B. On the clinical chart

C. Open treatment category

D. Official therapeutic classification

"OTC" stands for "Over the Counter," referring to medications that can be purchased without a prescription. These drugs are considered safe and effective for use by the general public when used as directed on the label. This classification allows individuals to obtain certain medications easily for common health issues, such as pain relief, allergies, or cold symptoms without having to consult a healthcare provider first. The other options do not accurately represent the term "OTC." They pertain to different contexts in healthcare and medication but do not align with the established terminology that conveys the accessibility of non-prescription medications. Therefore, understanding that "OTC" signifies over-the-counter options is essential for both healthcare providers and consumers navigating medication choices.

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7. What does EEG stand for?

A. Elelctro encephalogram

B. Effective ego gain

C. Environmental engineering group

D. Elastic electronography

Electro encephalogram, commonly abbreviated as EEG, is a medical test that uses electrodes to record the electrical activity in the brain. This option is correct because it accurately represents the full form of EEG. The other options, while having some similar sounding words, are not related to the medical test and do not accurately describe the acronym. B Effective ego gain is not a commonly known term and has no relation to EEG. C: Environmental engineering group is also not related to the medical test and is not a commonly used term. D: Elastic electronography is not a commonly used term in the medical field and does not accurately represent the acronym EEG.

8. What does TPR stand for in medical terminology?

A. Total patient recovery

B. Temperature, pulse, and respirations

C. Therapeutic procedure request

D. Total pain relief

TPR stands for Temperature, Pulse, and Respirations, and is a commonly used medical acronym to refer to the three vital signs that are routinely checked by healthcare providers. Total patient recovery (A), while an important goal, does not accurately represent what TPR stands for. Similarly, therapeutic procedure request (C) is not a common medical term and does not accurately reflect the meaning of TPR. Total pain relief (D) is also not a correct interpretation of TPR, as it does not include respiratory rate and body temperature. Therefore, the most accurate and commonly used meaning of TPR is Temperature, Pulse, and Respirations.

9. What does the acronym 'lytes' stand for?

A. Electrolytes

B. Light therapy

C. Lymphocytes

D. Lipotypes

The acronym 'lytes' stands for electrolytes, which are minerals in the body that conduct electrical impulses. The other options, including light therapy, lymphocytes, and lipotypes, are all unrelated to electrolytes. Light therapy refers to a therapeutic use of light, lymphocytes are a type of white blood cell, and lipotypes are fats in the body. None of these options refer to 'lytes' as an acronym, so they are not correct answers.

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10. What is the full form of 'CHF' in a medical context?

A. Chronic Heart Failure

B. Cerebral Hemorrhage Fluid

C. Congestive Heart Failure

D. Cardio-Hepatic Fusion

CHF stands for congestive heart failure in a medical context, not Chronic Heart Failure, Cerebral Hemorrhage Fluid, or Cardio-Hepatitis Fusion. Chronic Heart Failure refers to long-term heart dysfunction and is not specific to the heart being congested. Cerebral Hemorrhage Fluid refers to fluid around the brain and is not related to heart failure. Cardio-Hepatic Fusion is not a medical term and is not related to heart failure.

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Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

https://canadiannursingabbreviations.examzify.com

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

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