OKLAHOMA STATE CLOSED CIRCUIT TELEVISION LICENSE PRACTICE TEST (SAMPLE)

STUDY GUIDE



SAMPLE STUDY GUIDE WITH LIMITED QUESTIONS

VISIT US ONLINE FOR THE FULL VERSION STUDY GUIDE

https://okclosedcircuittv.examzify.com

Copyright © 2026 by Examzify - A Kaluba Technologies Inc. product.

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.

No part of this book may be reproduced or transferred in any form or by any means, graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, web distribution, taping, or by any information storage retrieval system, without the written permission of the author.

Notice: Examzify makes every reasonable effort to obtain accurate, complete, and timely information about this product from reliable sources.

SAMPLE

Table of Contents

Copyright 1

Table of Contents 2

Introduction 3

How to Use This Guide 4

Questions 5

Answers 8

Explanations 10

Next Steps 16

SAMPLE

Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

SAMPLE

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 – 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

SAMPLE

Questions

SAMPLE

1. A permit-required confined space is defined as one that contains or could contain what?

A. A serious safety hazard

B. Insufficient lighting

C. Excessive noise

D. Ventilation issues

2. What can influence the effectiveness of a CCTV system?

A. The placement of cameras

B. The use of multiple brands

C. Only the type of recording device

D. The use of colored cameras

3. In electronic transactions, what crime is committed if a technician falsifies a customer's signature?

A. Theft

B. Fraud

C. Embezzlement

D. Extortion

4. Why are storage solutions important for CCTV footage?

A. To enhance video clarity and resolution

B. To retain recorded video for review and evidence

C. To provide real-time viewing capabilities

D. To connect multiple cameras simultaneously

5. What does the term "frame rate" refer to in CCTV systems?

A. The quality of the video captured

B. The number of frames captured per second by a camera

C. The size of the recorded video file

D. The amount of storage space required

SAMPLE

6. When connecting a DVR to a network, what does a MAC address represent?

A. Media Access Control

B. Multiplexer Access Code

C. Main Access Control

D. Medium Area Connection

7. What is the role of a power supply in CCTV systems?

A. To enhance video data processing

B. To provide electrical power necessary for cameras and equipment

C. To enable wireless signals between cameras

D. To control video compression settings

8. In video surveillance systems, what is RS485 commonly used for?

A. Transmitting video signals

B. Connecting to Wi-Fi networks

C. Controlling PTZ actions

D. Managing power sources

9. Which of the following tools would likely require a 3-pronged outlet?

A. Hand saw

B. Battery-operated drill

C. Electric sander

D. Manual screwdriver

10. What is the purpose of a test monitor during CCTV installation?

A. To watch the recorded footage only

B. To assist in aligning cameras and verifying image quality before final mounting

C. To provide additional storage for footage

D. To improve internet connectivity

SAMPLE

Answers

SAMPLE

1. A
2. A
3. B
4. B
5. B
6. A
7. B
8. C
9. C
10. B

SAMPLE

Explanations

SAMPLE

1. A permit-required confined space is defined as one that contains or could contain what?

A. A serious safety hazard

B. Insufficient lighting

C. Excessive noise

D. Ventilation issues

A permit-required confined space is defined as one that contains or could contain a serious safety hazard. This definition is critical for ensuring worker safety, as it outlines the environments where special precautions are necessary. Such hazards can include the presence of toxic gases, lack of oxygen, or the potential for engulfment, among other dangers. The importance of identifying these serious safety hazards lies in the legal and practical need for permits and specific monitoring systems to ensure that workers are adequately protected and informed about the risks they may face while entering or working within confined spaces. While insufficient lighting, excessive noise, and ventilation issues may contribute to safety concerns, they do not directly align with the strict definition of a permit-required confined space as established by regulatory frameworks. The presence of a serious safety hazard is the key distinguishing factor that necessitates additional safety measures and a permit for entry into the space.

2. What can influence the effectiveness of a CCTV system?

A. The placement of cameras

B. The use of multiple brands

C. Only the type of recording device

D. The use of colored cameras

The effectiveness of a CCTV system is heavily influenced by the placement of cameras. Strategic camera placement ensures optimal coverage of the area being monitored, allowing for the detection and identification of events or individuals. If cameras are positioned incorrectly—such as being too far away, aimed at glare or obstructions, or providing limited views—they may fail to capture important details, rendering the surveillance ineffective. Factors such as the field of view, height, and angle of installation are crucial for obtaining clear and actionable footage. This makes placement a primary consideration in the design and implementation of CCTV systems. While other factors might play a role in system performance—like the variety of brands or types of recording devices—placement is fundamental to ensuring that the surveillance system achieves its objectives of monitoring, deterrence, and evidence collection.

SAMPLE

3. In electronic transactions, what crime is committed if a technician falsifies a customer's signature?

A. Theft

B. Fraud

C. Embezzlement

D. Extortion

When a technician falsifies a customer's signature in electronic transactions, the crime committed is fraud. Fraud encompasses a variety of deceptive practices intended to secure an unjust or unlawful gain. In this scenario, the act of falsifying a signature is a deliberate misrepresentation of someone else's consent or agreement, which falls under fraudulent behavior. The technician's actions are aimed at benefiting themselves, typically financially, by creating the illusion that the customer has agreed to a transaction when they have not. This kind of deception violates trust and can lead to financial losses for the victim, which is a core aspect of fraudulent activities. In contrast, theft involves taking someone else's property without permission, embezzlement refers specifically to the misappropriation of funds entrusted to someone's care, and extortion is the act of obtaining something through coercion or threats. None of these accurately describes the specific action of falsifying a signature, which aligns clearly with the definition of fraud.

4. Why are storage solutions important for CCTV footage?

A. To enhance video clarity and resolution

B. To retain recorded video for review and evidence

C. To provide real-time viewing capabilities

D. To connect multiple cameras simultaneously

Storage solutions for CCTV footage serve a critical role in retaining recorded video for review and evidence, which is essential for security and law enforcement purposes. When a CCTV system captures video, it needs a reliable method to save this footage so that it can be accessed later. This is particularly important for investigations, where reviewing recorded footage can help identify suspects, verify alibis, or provide context in security incidents. While enhancing video clarity and resolution or providing real-time viewing capabilities are important aspects of a CCTV system, they do not address the necessity of storing footage for future use. Similarly, connecting multiple cameras simultaneously is relevant to the setup and operation of the CCTV system, but it does not encompass the importance of securing footage for evidence or review purposes. Therefore, the function of storage solutions is integral to maintaining a valuable archive of recorded video, which can significantly aid in security management and legal proceedings.

5. What does the term "frame rate" refer to in CCTV systems?

A. The quality of the video captured

B. The number of frames captured per second by a camera

C. The size of the recorded video file

D. The amount of storage space required

The term "frame rate" refers specifically to the number of frames captured per second by a camera in a Closed Circuit Television (CCTV) system. Frame rate is a crucial aspect of video quality and performance, as it determines how smooth the motion appears in the video feed. A higher frame rate typically means smoother motion and better detail when monitoring fast-moving subjects, while a lower frame rate may result in choppy or less fluid video playback. This metric is measured in frames per second (fps), and selecting an appropriate frame rate is essential for fulfilling specific surveillance needs, such as monitoring busy areas or events where movement is frequent. As a result, frame rate directly influences the effectiveness of the CCTV system in capturing and conveying the necessary information to users.

SAMPLE

6. When connecting a DVR to a network, what does a MAC address represent?

A. Media Access Control

B. Multiplexer Access Code

C. Main Access Control

D. Medium Area Connection

A MAC address represents Media Access Control. It is a unique identifier assigned to network interfaces for communications at the data link layer of a network. This address is crucial for the operation of networked devices, as it helps differentiate between different devices on the same local area network. When connecting a DVR to a network, the MAC address ensures that each device can be uniquely identified and can communicate effectively with routers and switches. This unique identifier plays a significant role in network management and security, enabling protocols to manage traffic and ensure that data is sent to the correct destination on the network. Understanding the significance of the MAC address is essential for setting up and troubleshooting networks, as it aids in the identification of devices and aids in maintaining the integrity and organization of network communications.

7. What is the role of a power supply in CCTV systems?

A. To enhance video data processing

B. To provide electrical power necessary for cameras and equipment

C. To enable wireless signals between cameras

D. To control video compression settings

The role of a power supply in CCTV systems is fundamentally about delivering the necessary electrical power to cameras and associated equipment. CCTV systems require a reliable and stable power source to function properly, as any interruption in power can lead to loss of video feed, camera malfunction, or even complete system failure. Cameras, digital video recorders (DVRs), and other components in a CCTV system operate on electrical power, and the specifications of the power supply must match these requirements to ensure optimal performance. A dedicated power supply ensures that all components receive the appropriate voltage and current, which is critical for maintaining the quality and integrity of the video surveillance being captured and transmitted. While enhancing video data processing, enabling wireless signals, and controlling video compression settings are important functions in certain contexts, these tasks are not the primary function of the power supply itself. The power supply serves as the backbone that supports all operational aspects of the CCTV system by maintaining power flow.

SAMPLE

8. In video surveillance systems, what is RS485 commonly used for?

A. Transmitting video signals

B. Connecting to Wi-Fi networks

C. Controlling PTZ actions

D. Managing power sources

RS485 is a standard used for serial communication that is often employed in video surveillance systems, particularly for controlling devices such as pan-tilt-zoom (PTZ) cameras. The reason this answer is correct lies in the characteristics of the RS485 protocol, which supports long-distance communication and allows multiple devices to be connected on the same bus. This is essential in surveillance systems where one controller needs to send commands to various PTZ cameras over significant distances without signal degradation. PTZ cameras require precise control signals to adjust their positioning and zoom, and RS485 is particularly well-suited for this application due to its robustness and ability to handle multi-drop configurations, allowing many devices to communicate over a single pair of wires. This makes it an efficient solution for installations that utilize multiple PTZ cameras, allowing operators to manipulate the cameras from a central location. In contrast, the other options do not align with the primary use of RS485. For example, video signals are typically transmitted using formats such as HDMI or coaxial cables, while Wi-Fi connections utilize different wireless communication standards. Power management in surveillance systems would use power over Ethernet (PoE) or dedicated power supplies rather than RS485. Thus, the use of RS485 for controlling PTZ actions is

9. Which of the following tools would likely require a 3-pronged outlet?

A. Hand saw

B. Battery-operated drill

C. Electric sander

D. Manual screwdriver

An electric sander typically requires a 3-pronged outlet because it is a power tool that operates using electricity and often has a higher demand for current compared to smaller, less power-intensive tools. The 3-pronged design includes a ground prong, which is crucial for safety, especially for power tools that could potentially pose a risk of electric shock if there is a malfunction. The grounding helps to prevent shocks by providing a safe pathway for electricity in case of a short circuit. In contrast, the other tools listed either do not require a connection to an electrical outlet or are designed to operate on a battery or manual power. For instance, a hand saw is operated manually, and a manual screwdriver requires no electricity at all. Likewise, a battery-operated drill is designed to be used with batteries, making a 3-pronged outlet unnecessary. This distinction emphasizes the specific electrical requirements of power tools like the electric sander.

SAMPLE

10. What is the purpose of a test monitor during CCTV installation?

A. To watch the recorded footage only

B. To assist in aligning cameras and verifying image quality before final mounting

C. To provide additional storage for footage

D. To improve internet connectivity

The purpose of a test monitor during CCTV installation is primarily to assist in aligning the cameras and verifying image quality before they are permanently mounted. This step is crucial as it ensures that the cameras are positioned correctly to capture the intended field of view and that the images produced meet the required quality standards for visibility and clarity. By using a test monitor, the installer can evaluate the live feed from the cameras in real time, making necessary adjustments to angles and focus settings to ensure optimal performance once the installation is complete. This process helps in avoiding potential issues that could arise if the cameras were mounted without proper alignment and quality checks, which could lead to inadequate surveillance coverage or unusable footage. The other options do not align with the primary function of a test monitor during installation—recorded footage viewing, additional storage for footage, or improving internet connectivity are aspects of CCTV systems, but they do not pertain to the real-time setup and calibration that a test monitor facilitates.

SAMPLE

Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

https://okclosedcircuittv.examzify.com

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

SAMPLE