US ARMY EUROPE (USAREUR) PRACTICE EXAM (SAMPLE)

STUDY GUIDE



SAMPLE STUDY GUIDE WITH LIMITED QUESTIONS

VISIT US ONLINE FOR THE FULL VERSION STUDY GUIDE

https://usarmyeurope.examzify.com

Copyright © 2026 by Examzify - A Kaluba Technologies Inc. product.

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.

No part of this book may be reproduced or transferred in any form or by any means, graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, web distribution, taping, or by any information storage retrieval system, without the written permission of the author.

Notice: Examzify makes every reasonable effort to obtain accurate, complete, and timely information about this product from reliable sources.

SAMPLE

Table of Contents

Copyright 1

Table of Contents 2

Introduction 3

How to Use This Guide 4

Questions 5

Answers 8

Explanations 10

Next Steps 15

SAMPLE

Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

SAMPLE

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 – 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

SAMPLE

Questions

SAMPLE

1. In low visibility conditions, drivers should take which precaution?

A. Use their phone flashlight

B. Increase their speed

C. Pull off the road

D. Ignore traffic signals

2. What must a driver do when a streetcar approaches while they are waiting to turn left?

A. Maintain position as streetcars do not have right-of-way

B. Wait for oncoming traffic to clear before turning

C. Move to the next block to avoid holding up the streetcar

D. Signal and stop for the streetcar

3. Is drunk driving a felony in Germany?

A. True

B. False

C. Only for repeat offenders

D. Only if severe damage occurs

4. What should be considered when determining a safe following distance from the vehicle ahead?

A. Weather conditions only

B. Traffic flow

C. Condition of the highway and driving speed

D. Both weather and traffic flow

5. What is the minimum speed a vehicle must be able to maintain on the autobahn?

A. 50 kph (31 mph)

B. 60 kph (37 mph)

C. 80 kph (50 mph)

6. When may vehicle 1 proceed?

A. Before vehicle 2

B. After vehicle 2

C. When traffic is clear

D. Only when signaled

SAMPLE

7. At unmarked intersections, who has the right-of-way?

A. Vehicles coming from the left

B. Vehicles coming from the right

C. All vehicles take turns

D. The first vehicle to arrive

8. What action should a driver take if conditions allow for less than the minimum speed?

A. The driver must continue at the minimum speed

B. The driver should pull over

C. It is acceptable to drive slower

D. None of the above

9. Minimum speed limits must be obeyed unless which conditions apply?

A. Only road conditions permit a slower speed

B. Only traffic conditions permit a slower speed

C. Both road and traffic conditions make it necessary to drive slower

D. None of the above

10. Under what conditions may drivers pass other vehicles at zebra crossings?

A. If the crossing is hard to see

B. If there are no pedestrians waiting to cross

C. None; drivers must not pass other vehicles at zebra crossings

D. When visibility is good

SAMPLE

Answers

SAMPLE

1. C
2. C
3. A
4. C
5. B
6. A
7. B
8. C
9. C
10. C

SAMPLE

Explanations

SAMPLE

1. In low visibility conditions, drivers should take which precaution?

A. Use their phone flashlight

B. Increase their speed

C. Pull off the road

D. Ignore traffic signals

In low visibility conditions, pulling off the road is the safest precaution drivers can take. This action helps to ensure the driver's safety as well as the safety of others on the road. By moving off the roadway, the driver reduces the risk of an accident or collision, especially when visibility is severely limited due to fog, rain, snow, or other factors that may impair sight. This practice allows for a moment to assess the situation, wait for conditions to improve, or find a more suitable way to navigate. Using a phone flashlight, increasing speed, or ignoring traffic signals can all lead to dangerous situations. A flashlight can provide limited visibility but does not address the overall dangers present in low visibility conditions, while speeding can reduce reaction times and increase the likelihood of an accident. Ignoring traffic signals can create chaos and poses significant risks in low visibility where other drivers may also be struggling to see. Staying calm and pulling off the road allows for a safer approach to navigating challenging driving conditions.

2. What must a driver do when a streetcar approaches while they are waiting to turn left?

A. Maintain position as streetcars do not have right-of-way

B. Wait for oncoming traffic to clear before turning

C. Move to the next block to avoid holding up the streetcar

D. Signal and stop for the streetcar

When a driver is waiting to turn left and a streetcar approaches, the appropriate action is to move to the next block to avoid holding up the streetcar. This is correct because streetcars often have designated tracks that can restrict their movement, and delaying their passage can lead to traffic congestion and other issues for both streetcars and nearby vehicles. By moving to the next block, the driver ensures that the streetcar can proceed without obstruction, which is a part of responsible driving behavior. Streetcars typically require a different set of considerations since they can operate on tracks in the roadway that are not always visible to the driver until it's too late. Therefore, allowing the streetcar to pass ensures both the safety and efficiency of public transportation. Choosing to maintain position or waiting for oncoming traffic could unnecessarily jeopardize the streetcar's route. Signaling and stopping for the streetcar may not be necessary if moving to a different block allows for a smoother flow of traffic. The priority in this situation is to facilitate the streetcar movement, which is why moving to the next block is the most considerate and effective choice.

3. Is drunk driving a felony in Germany?

A. True

B. False

C. Only for repeat offenders

D. Only if severe damage occurs

Drunk driving is considered a serious offense in Germany, and, indeed, can be classified as a felony under certain circumstances. The law reinforces a strict stance on driving under the influence, where significant penalties are imposed for violations. In general, if a driver is found to have a blood alcohol concentration (BAC) of 0.11% or higher, it can lead to charges that may be classified as a felony. Additionally, if this behavior leads to accidents or injuries, the legal consequences become even more severe. While there are nuances regarding first-time offenders and specific circumstances, the fundamental aspect of German law is that it recognizes the potential harm drunk driving poses to public safety. Therefore, if a driver exceeds the legal BAC limit, they risk facing felony charges, highlighting the nation's commitment to road safety and responsible driving practices.

SAMPLE

4. What should be considered when determining a safe following distance from the vehicle ahead?

A. Weather conditions only

B. Traffic flow

C. Condition of the highway and driving speed

D. Both weather and traffic flow

When determining a safe following distance from the vehicle ahead, it is important to factor in various elements that influence stopping time and reaction capability. One critical consideration is the condition of the highway itself, which can include elements such as road surface quality, whether the road is dry or wet, and any obstacles or changes in elevation. Additionally, driving speed plays a significant role; the faster a vehicle is traveling, the longer it will take to stop, therefore requiring a greater following distance to ensure safety. While weather conditions and traffic flow are certainly relevant, focusing solely on either one of these factors does not provide a comprehensive approach to assessing following distance. For instance, inclement weather can affect visibility and road traction, which could necessitate an increased following distance for safety. Similarly, traffic flow influences how quickly cars are moving and can complicate stopping distances, especially in congested conditions. However, the combination of road conditions and speed directly impacts the vehicle's stopping distance and reaction time, making it essential to take these into account when determining how far back to keep following another vehicle. Thus, considering both the condition of the highway and driving speed aligns most closely with comprehensive safety practices.

5. What is the minimum speed a vehicle must be able to maintain on the autobahn?

A. 50 kph (31 mph)

B. 60 kph (37 mph)

C. 80 kph (50 mph)

The minimum speed a vehicle must maintain on the autobahn is 60 kph (37 mph). This regulation is in place to ensure the safe and efficient flow of traffic, as well as to minimize the risk of accidents caused by slower-moving vehicles. Autobahns are designed for high-speed travel, and vehicles that cannot maintain this minimum speed may pose hazards to faster traffic. Therefore, maintaining a speed of at least 60 kph allows vehicles to integrate safely into the higher-speed flow of the road. The other speeds listed are either below or above the mandated minimum. 50 kph is too slow for the autobahn environment, while 80 kph exceeds the minimum but doesn't represent the threshold necessary for compliance with traffic regulations on this type of road. Understanding these rules helps ensure that drivers can navigate the autobahn effectively and safely.

SAMPLE

6. When may vehicle 1 proceed?

A. Before vehicle 2

B. After vehicle 2

C. When traffic is clear

D. Only when signaled

Vehicle 1 is allowed to proceed when it has the right of way, indicating that it can go before vehicle 2. Understanding right-of-way rules is crucial in traffic management, particularly in scenarios where multiple vehicles may be interacting at intersections or during lane changes. When vehicle 1 has the right of way, it means that other vehicles must yield and wait for it to pass. This ensures a safe and organized flow of traffic, reducing the risk of collisions. Drivers must be aware of these rules and the specific circumstances that grant one vehicle precedence over another. In situations where clearance is involved, as highlighted by other choices, vehicle 1 would not necessarily have the authority to proceed without understanding the context of its right of way. Signaled directions and assessing traffic clarity are also critical components of ensuring a safe passage, but they do not apply if vehicle 1 inherently has priority over vehicle 2.

7. At unmarked intersections, who has the right-of-way?

A. Vehicles coming from the left

B. Vehicles coming from the right

C. All vehicles take turns

D. The first vehicle to arrive

The correct answer is that vehicles coming from the right have the right-of-way at unmarked intersections. This principle is rooted in general traffic rules and is commonly taught in driving education. The rationale behind this rule is to create a standardized expectation for drivers approaching intersections without clear signals or signage, promoting safety and reducing confusion. By allowing vehicles on the right to proceed first, it helps to establish a predictable flow of traffic. In most driving situations, if two vehicles arrive at an unmarked intersection simultaneously, the driver on the right is given the right-of-way, which helps prevent potential collisions. This rule applies universally in many regions, ensuring that all drivers are familiar with the expected behaviors at such intersections, regardless of local laws or customs. The other options do not accurately reflect the established traffic norms at unmarked intersections. Choices involving vehicles from the left or suggesting that all vehicles take turns could lead to uncertainty and dangerous situations, as they do not provide clear guidance for drivers on how to navigate these potentially confusing scenarios. Therefore, understanding the right-of-way rules is essential for safe and efficient driving.

SAMPLE

8. What action should a driver take if conditions allow for less than the minimum speed?

A. The driver must continue at the minimum speed

B. The driver should pull over

C. It is acceptable to drive slower

D. None of the above

A driver is allowed to drive slower than the minimum speed if the driving conditions permit it. This can be necessary in various scenarios such as inclement weather, heavy traffic, mechanical issues with the vehicle, or when navigating difficult road conditions. By driving slower than the minimum speed, the driver can maintain better control of the vehicle and enhance safety for themselves and others on the road. Driving at a speed slower than the minimum can help in ensuring that the driver is able to react appropriately to unforeseen circumstances, albeit while still being mindful not to excessively impede the flow of traffic. It's important that the driver uses their discretion to determine what speed is safe based on the particular circumstances. This understanding underscores the principle of prioritizing safety and adaptability on the road rather than rigidly adhering to minimum speed limits when conditions necessitate a more cautious approach.

9. Minimum speed limits must be obeyed unless which conditions apply?

A. Only road conditions permit a slower speed

B. Only traffic conditions permit a slower speed

C. Both road and traffic conditions make it necessary to drive slower

D. None of the above

Minimum speed limits are established to ensure that vehicles maintain a flow of traffic that is conducive to safety and efficiency. However, there are circumstances that justify driving below these limits. When both road and traffic conditions necessitate a lower speed, it is not only reasonable but often essential for safety. For instance, if the road is severely damaged, covered with ice, or if there is heavy congestion due to an accident ahead, these conditions require a driver to adjust their speed to prevent accidents. In such situations, adhering strictly to the minimum speed limit could lead to unsafe driving practices, putting the driver and others at risk. By recognizing that both types of conditions—road and traffic—can warrant a slower speed, it establishes a clear guideline for drivers to prioritize safety over arbitrary adherence to speed limits. Thus, when both road and traffic conditions indicate that a slower speed is necessary, it is appropriate to drive below the minimum limit.

10. Under what conditions may drivers pass other vehicles at zebra crossings?

A. If the crossing is hard to see

B. If there are no pedestrians waiting to cross

C. None; drivers must not pass other vehicles at zebra crossings

D. When visibility is good

Drivers must not pass other vehicles at zebra crossings to ensure the safety of pedestrians. Zebra crossings are specifically designed to provide a designated space for pedestrians to cross the road with priority. Allowing vehicles to pass other cars in this area could obstruct visibility for both drivers and pedestrians, leading to dangerous situations. By preventing passing at zebra crossings, traffic regulations prioritize pedestrian safety and help maintain orderly traffic flow. This is particularly important in high-traffic areas where many pedestrians may be present or waiting to cross, as it reduces the likelihood of accidents. The other conditions listed would undermine the purpose of the zebra crossing, as they would not ensure the protection of pedestrians, contradicting the regulations meant to safeguard public safety. Therefore, the emphasis on not passing at zebra crossings is a crucial traffic rule that maintains order and safety on the road.

SAMPLE

Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

https://usarmyeurope.examzify.com

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

SAMPLE