VOCABULARY FOR HIGH SCHOOL STUDENTS PRACTICE TEST (SAMPLE)

STUDY GUIDE



SAMPLE STUDY GUIDE WITH LIMITED QUESTIONS

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Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

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How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 – 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

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Questions

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1. **Which word has a more negative connotation describing someone who is very thin?**

   A. Slim

   B. Lean

   C. Thin

   D. Scrawny

2. **What is the meaning of the prefix AB-, A-, ABS-?**

   A. from, away, off

   B. to, toward, near

   C. before

   D. outside

3. **In a chemical process, which statement best describes a catalyst?**

   A. A reactant that is consumed in the reaction

   B. A product formed at the end of the reaction

   C. A substance that slows down the reaction

   D. A substance that speeds up the reaction without being consumed

4. **The root VER, VERA, VERI means**

   A. False

   B. Lie

   C. True, truth

   D. Fiction

5. **Which meaning corresponds to the Latin root HERE/HES?**

   A. Side

   B. Light

   C. Stick

   D. Letter

6. **What does the prefix 'anti-' mean?**

   A. against

   B. for

   C. with

   D. above

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7. Which word correctly completes the sentence: 'The _____ reason for the delay was the weather'?

A. Principle

B. Principled

C. Principality

D. Principal

8. Which prefix means 'not, un'?

A. In-

B. Bene-

C. Se-

D. Dis-

9. Define 'meticulous'.

A. Careless and sloppy

B. Broad and vague

C. Quick and rough

D. Very careful and precise

10. METER, METR denote which concept?

A. Length

B. Height

C. Weight

D. Measure

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Answers

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1. D
2. A
3. D
4. C
5. C
6. A
7. D
8. A
9. D
10. D

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Explanations

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1. Which word has a more negative connotation describing someone who is very thin?

A. Slim

B. Lean

C. Thin

D. Scrawny

Connotation matters when describing someone's build. Some terms describe thinness in a neutral or even positive light, while others carry a negative feel. Slim, lean, and thin all focus on a lack of excess weight without implying harm or weakness. Scrawny, though, adds a negative edge by suggesting extreme thinness, fragility, or undernourishment. It connotes not just being thin, but being weak or unhealthy, which is why it's the strongest negative option for describing someone very thin.

2. What is the meaning of the prefix AB-, A-, ABS-?

A. from, away, off

B. to, toward, near

C. before

D. outside

These prefixes carry a sense of direction away from something or separation. AB- and ABS- come from the Latin ab-, meaning away from, off, or apart, and English uses them with roots to signal moving away or removal. You can see this in words like abduct (lead away), absent (not present, away from where you are), and abnormal (away from what's considered normal). The form abs- is just a pronunciation-friendly variant of ab- before certain sounds, as in abstain or absorb, still carrying the idea of moving away or taking away from something. The standalone A- prefix appears in some words to mean "without" or "not," as in amoral or atypical, which aligns with the same general sense of absence or separation in many uses. So the overall idea these prefixes express is from, away, or off.

3. In a chemical process, which statement best describes a catalyst?

A. A reactant that is consumed in the reaction

B. A product formed at the end of the reaction

C. A substance that slows down the reaction

D. A substance that speeds up the reaction without being consumed

A catalyst speeds up a chemical reaction without being consumed in the process. It does this by providing an alternative reaction pathway that has lower activation energy, so more reactant molecules can react in the same amount of time. Since it isn't used up, the catalyst remains unchanged after the reaction and can continue to catalyze additional reactions. This is why describing a catalyst as a substance that speeds up the reaction without being consumed is the most accurate. In contrast, describing the substance as a reactant would imply it is consumed, which it isn't; describing it as a product would mean it's produced rather than used to drive the reaction; and describing it as something that slows down the reaction would refer to an inhibitor, not a catalyst.

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4. The root VER, VERA, VERI means

A. False

B. Lie

C. True, truth

D. Fiction

This root conveys truth. VER, VERA, VERI comes from Latin verus meaning true. When you see this root, think of accuracy and honesty in what is stated. In English, related words include verify (to prove or check something so it's true), veracity (the quality of being truthful), and verdict (a statement of truth that settles a matter in court), as well as veritable (genuine, real). Because the root expresses truth, the best answer is the one that means truth. The other options point to falsehood or fiction, which don't align with this root's meaning.

5. Which meaning corresponds to the Latin root HERE/HES?

A. Side

B. Light

C. Stick

D. Letter

The root HERE/HES carries the idea of sticking or clinging. In English, you can see this in words built from it—adhere means to stick to something, an adhesive is something that sticks, and cohesive or coherent describes things that stick together. So the meaning that best fits this root is stick. The other options point to concepts from other roots (side, light, or letter) and don't reflect the sense of sticking, so they don't match this root.

6. What does the prefix 'anti-' mean?

A. against

B. for

C. with

D. above

Anti- signals opposition. When you add this prefix to a word, it conveys the idea of going against or countering that thing. For example, an antidote fights poison, antifreeze prevents freezing, and antisocial behavior goes against typical social interaction. In this question, the prefix means against, so the best answer is that meaning. The other options describe ideas like for, with, or above, which aren't how anti- is used.

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7. Which word correctly completes the sentence: 'The _____ reason for the delay was the weather'?

A. Principle

B. Principled

C. Principality

D. Principal

The main idea being tested is choosing a word that describes the reason as the most important one. The word that fits is principal, used as an adjective before the noun reason to mean the main or chief reason. So "the principal reason for the delay was the weather" clearly communicates that weather was the primary cause. Principle would be incorrect here because it is a noun meaning a rule or belief, not something that can describe a reason. Principled is an adjective meaning morally guided, which doesn't convey the idea of being the main cause. Principality refers to a territory ruled by a prince, which is unrelated to describing a reason.

8. Which prefix means 'not, un'?

A. In-

B. Bene-

C. Se-

D. Dis-

Negation is the idea behind this item. The prefix in- is the one that most clearly signals "not" or "opposite of" in English, turning roots into words like incomplete, invisible, or inaccurate. It also adapts to im-, il-, or ir- before certain sounds for smoother pronunciation, as in impossible or irregular. The other options have different meanings: bene- means good or well, se- isn't a standard negation prefix in English, and dis- can also convey negation in many words (like disagree), but in typical vocabulary study the familiar negation form is in-. That makes it the best choice for meaning "not."

9. Define 'meticulous'.

A. Careless and sloppy

B. Broad and vague

C. Quick and rough

D. Very careful and precise

Meticulous means being very careful and precise in details. It implies paying close attention, thoroughness, and not rushing. When someone is meticulous, they check every part of a task, fix even small errors, and keep careful records. An example: she kept meticulous notes during the experiment, recording every observation exactly as it happened. This makes meticulous equal to very careful and precise, which is why that option is the best match. Descriptions that focus on carelessness, vagueness, or speed over accuracy don't fit the word: careless and sloppy oppose meticulous; broad and vague describes a lack of detail; quick and rough suggests speed over precision.

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10. METER, METR denote which concept?

A. Length

B. Height

C. Weight

D. Measure

METER and metr- point to the idea of measuring. These forms come from a root meaning measure, and you'll see them in words and devices that focus on determining how much or what quantity something has. Because they signal measurement in general, they aren't limited to a single dimension like length, height, or weight. A meter can be a unit of length, and many -meter words refer to instruments or concepts that measure different things—thermometer for temperature, speedometer for speed, odometer for distance, and so on. So the best fit is the idea of measurement itself, not a specific size.

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Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

https://vocabforhishschoolstudents.examzify.com

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

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